* Mrs Margaret Koss

DALY CITY RECORD

Companion Publication with the SAN MATEO INDEX of the City of San Mateo

BY J. L. BROWN | DALY CITY, SAN MATEO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1914 | VOL. 5, NO. 52

SUPERIOR COURT

Cases Pending, in Progress, Settled, With Interesting Details to San Mateo County Folks

Margaret L. Rodgers has brought suit against James P. Rodgers and others to quiet title to lots 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23, portion of blocks 2 and 14, Brewer's subdivision, San Mateo.

Natalia Buschwachter has brought an action against her husband, Edward Buschwachter, for an interlocutory decree of divorce on the ground of cruelty. There are no children nor community property. The couple was married in Russia on May 31, 1898.

James W. McDonnell has commenced an action against Mervyn J. Cody, as administrator of the estate of Mary Agnes McDonnell, deceased, to quiet title to lots 19, 20, block 8, Eastern Addition to Burlingame.

Sherman Clay & Co. has brought suit against P. T. Brunsing and others to recover possession of a piano sold to P. T. Brunsing in February, 1911, for $750. Defendant agreed to pay for the instrument by monthly installments of $20 but defaulted in the payments and on January 17 of this year, plaintiff made a demand for the piano and failed to secure possession of it. The company besides asking for possession of the instrument, asks for damages in the sum of $500.

E. R. Whitehead has commenced an action against The East San Mateo Land Company and others to foreclose a mortgage on lots 5 and 6, block 18, San Mateo. The amount sought to be recovered is $1750. The note which was secured by the mortgage was executed in San Francisco on March 14, 1910 for $1750.

Ernest Porter has brought suit against J. H. Trerise to recover the sum of $856.25 for certain services rendered defendant during the two years last past at his special instance and request. Plaintiff also asks for the sum of $49.50, money advanced the plaintiff.

Marie Wohlgemuth has brought divorce proceedings against her husband, Morris Wohlgemuth of Daly City. The couple was married at Daly City on January 28th, 1912. There are no children as a result of the marriage and no community property. Plaintiff asks to resume maiden name, Marie Schliefer. She asks for alimony in the sum of $25 a month, costs of suit and reasonable attorney fees. Defendant earns over $100 a month.

Eugene B. Lorton, et al vs. W. H. Underhill. Return of writ continued to March 21.

Ida M. Schneider vs. W. R. Schnieder. Interlocutory decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

De Laval Dairy Supply Co. vs. Lind & Langley. Judgment ordered for defendant.

Edythe M. Daly vs. Arthur G. Daly. Trial dropped from calendar.

Lester Danz vs. J. H. Mansfield. Notice of Motion to set cause continued to March 27.

H. C. Sawyer vs. L. L. Solomons. Sale of property confirmed.

Ira M. Cobe vs. Arthus Crane et al. Motion for new trial denied.

C. Ettlin vs. F. A. Smack. Demurrer continued to March 27.

Joe Silva vs. James Jacobs. Trial set for March 30.

Walter Sealy vs. Samuel Knight. Trial continued to March 27.

Estate of James Hatch, deceased. Final account alowed and settled and petition for distribution granted.

Estate and guardianship of Ralph J. Noisat, a minor. Return of sale continued to April 16.

Judge Buck made an order directing M. J. Hynes, guardian of the estate of Loren Coburn, to make, on or before April 15, a report and account of his guardianship. Mr. Hynes has been guardian of the aged capitalist for the past two years, during which time he handled the numerous affairs of the vast estate. The report will be a voluminous document.

The papers in the appeal case of Joe Silva against James Jacobs from the justice court of the second township have been filed in the county clerk's office. Plaintiff sued defendant for $80, the price of a cow sold to Jacobs. P. E. Lamb, justice of the peace of Burlingame gave judgment to plaintiff for $20 and costs of suit amounting to $16.80.

FIGURES SHOW BIG G. O. P. LEAD

Registration in State Indicates That Republicans Have a Majority in 40 Counties.

SACRAMENTO, March 24—Out of a total State registration on March 16, of 593,361, the Republicans registered 238,769; the Progressives, 127,735; Democrats, 127,383; Socialists, 33,062; Prohibitionists, 20,633; and declined to state, 40,065.

These figures were prepared by Secretary of State Jordan, to whom returns were made.

The Republicans lead in 40 counties, the Democrats in 16, and the Progressives in 2, Alameda and Sacramento.

Both San Francisco and Los Angeles show Republican pluralities. The registration by counties follows:

Counties—	Repub.	Progress.	Demo.
Alameda	27,915	30,682	7,850
Amador	854	264	896
Alpine	11	4	....
Butte	3,016	1,314	1,891
Calaveras	530	86	850
Colusa	501	267	1,167
Contra Costa	5,085	1,483	2,356
Del Norte	354	31	204
El Dorado	760	246	782
Fresno	3,636	2,698	4,744
Glenn	944	314	1,180
Humboldt	4,771	2,526	1,187
Imperial	1,673	508	1,392
Inyo	480	58	293
Kern	2,537	579	3,719
Kings	1,952	480	1,533
Lake	513	104	594
Lassen	755	142	546
Los Angeles	71,261	40,857	32,877
Madero	706	333	980
Marin	3,176	1,309	1,249
Mariposa	227	58	436
Mendocino	2,489	547	1,760
Merced	1,351	328	1,656
Modoc	844	33	728
Mono	29	2	24
Monterey	1,817	702	1,229
Napa	1,679	764	868
Nevada	1,041	848	728
Orange	5,688	2,298	2,985
Placer	1,594	864	1,223
Plumas	177	77	117
Riverside	3,812	2,356	1,665
Santa Clara	11,205	5,149	4,869
Santa Barbara	2,890	1,177	1,507
Sacramento	6,726	7,276	4,515
Santa Cruz	2,148	461	1,100
San Benito	734	195	748
San Bernardino	5,491	2,021	2,535
San Francisco	9,729	5,321	5,385
San Joaquin	4,489	1,971	2,789
San Luis Obispo	1,255	522	987
San Mateo	4,422	1,002	838
San Diego	13,669	2,711	6,212
Shasta	1,477	533	1,124
Sierra	175	76	132
Siskiyou	1,495	618	596
Solano	4,202	1,034	2,158
Sonoma	4,867	1,538	2,948
Stanislaus	1,859	1,149	1,635
Sutter	310	140	22
Tehama	1,861	438	1,515
Trinity	120	39	113
Tulare	2,193	1,113	2,414
Tuolumne	558	95	701
Ventura	1,128	491	638
Yolo	759	466	898
Yuba	783	381	685

Probate

Mary Frances Nash has applied for letters of administration upon the estate of John C. Nash, who died at the City of San Mateo on March 9th, 1914. The estate consists of a ranch at Half Moon Bay, having an annual rental of $550, and two parcels of land at San Mateo. The entire value of the estate does not exceed the sum of $10,000. The heirs at law are the petitioners, widow, and the following children: Jos. H. Nash, Clement Nash, Frank Nash and Mrs. Helen Stevens.

Judge Buck has appointed H. W. Schaberg inheritance tax appraiser of the estate of Edward A. Gargan, deceased.

Mary Roy has filed the last will and testament of Catherine Francisco for probate. She died January 9, 1914 at her home in San Gregorgio. The deceased left a will bearing date of February 23rd, 1913, the subscribing witness being C. C. Tichenor and Mary Roy. The estate consists of cash in bank amounting to $4172.66 and the sum of $500 loaned out in a mortgage. Mary Roy the petitioner and only daughter of the deceased, is the sole devisee.

Walter H. Cambridge and Elliott McAllister have applied for letters of administration upon the estate of Isabella Guthrie Doig, who died on March 15, 1914. The estate consists of a parcel of property on Elm street and another piece of preperty on Minna street, San Mateo, both parcels being worth $5000, and cash in bank amounting to $613.02. The deceased left a will bearing date of December 23, 1913. The Mercantile Trust Co. of San Francisco is made trustee of a fund to care for the burial plot of the decased. The remainer of the estate is bequeathed to Mrs. Doig's two sisters, Cecelia Temple and Barbara Black, both of Martinez.

On Wednesday Judge Buck granted an interlocutory decree of divorce to Ida M. Schneider from her husband W. R. Schnieder on the ground of cruelty.

THE BIG GUNS FIRED

Two big guns were fired by the San Mateo County Development Association last Tuesday night. One for a new electric suburban railroad down the peninsula from San Francisco to Palo Alto and the other for the reduction of existing transportation fares between peninsula points.

The shot for a new railroad came when President H. C. Tuchsen suggested a plan of action by which the Board of Supervisors acting in cooperation with the association be constituted a holding company for the acquistion of rights of way, which are to be used to the best advantage in arranging for the construction of such a road.

A draft of the association's complaint against the Southern Pacific Railroad for lower fares was approved by the Board of Governors and signed by President Tuchsen. The complaint is now ready for filing with the State Railroad Commission. Discrimination against points in San Mateo county in favor of Alameda county is the basis of this complaint. As an example of the material difference in these rates it is noted that the distance from San Francisco to Melrose is practically eleven miles. The single fare is ten cents and the round trip fare is twenty cents. On this side of the Bay the distance between San Francisco and San Bruno, which is approximately the same, the single fare is thirty-five cents and the round trip is fifty cents. A large number of discriminations of like character forms the association's contentions for lower fares.

The Transportation Committee, D. G. Doubleday, Chairman, rendered an exhaustive report in the matter of the request from a private source that the association secure a right of way for an electric line through San Mateo county. This private plan was to interest parties either in the form of a syndicate or a corporation to take up the active work of securing a right of way, which was to be dedicated to the construction of an electric line.

It is the opinion of the committee that such a right of way is a valuable asset in all probability equal to the actual cost of construction and equipment of the railroad line itself. It is believed that a considerable portion of such right of way would be granted by the property owners without consideration. The committee further reported that the work of acquiring a right of way be taken up under the authority of the association as a means to acquire new transportation facilities and that the assets in the right of way grants be used by the association to the best advantage in araranging for the construction of such a road, whether financed by private parties or turned over to a building corporation. Doubleday's committee also canvassed the matter with the city officials of San Francisco and found them heartily in favor of co-operation. Two large land owners commonly supposed to be opposed to the construction of a new railroad, are decidely in favor of such a project.

After the reading of Doubleday's report, President Tuchsen outlined a plan of action which met with the hearty approval of the Board of Governors. Believing that the most feasible method of securing the right of way is by cooperation with the Board of Supervisors, Tuchsen suggested that a conference be held with the county fathers and District Attorney Franklin Swart with the intention of having the county act in the nature of a holding company for rights of way.

Railroad experts, who are entirely disinterested in the peninsula, declare that backed by pulic sentiment, a suburban line in San Mateo county will be a great financial success. It it their opinion that with a direct right of way obtained, that the financiering of the actual construction of the road will be but a simple problem.

The forces and combined energy that the San Mateo County Development Association has mustered to command, are engaged in the problem of getting down the peninsula a free and independent railroad which will do away with discrimination and which will give our beautiful county a fair and just opportunity to develop, and produce happiness, health and prosperity to countless residents.

San Mateo County Scenery

San Mateo County is rich in scenic attractions which have so far been almost inaccessible to the public for the lack of roads. The level land we all know and know well, for, from the earliest settlement it, and the foothills easily reached, have been the favorite location for those desiring beautiful country homes, which are easily reached from the city.

But the coast mountains, and the stretch of seashore below them are unknown lands to the most of us and yet are full of delightful residence sites commanding magnificent views.

And these the San Mateo people are about to make easily accessible to motorists by the system of boulevards which they are constructing. And in the nature of things the electric railroads will follow as soon as settlements has progressed so as to make a beginning of traffic.

But while San Mateo county is doing its part to make its attractions accessible from this city, we in San Francisco are doing little but talk about the roads on our side of the line. And yet it will do us little good to know that there are good roads in San Mateo county if we have no roads by which we can comfortably get to them.

In fact, few of us will try to get a spin on the San Mateo good roads if we have to bump the bumps at the beginning and end our trip.

So far as the motoring interests are concerned and the development of adjacent territory, which will make new business for our merchants and our workers which nobody can get away from us, the most important thing just now is to complete the highways leading to the San Mateo county good roads system.

While the motorists will be the first to receive benefit, the automobile is the certain precurser of the electric line and when that is built we can all see San Mateo county at its best.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Sign in a Davenport, Iowa photographer's window: "Bring the babies and get a large one free." What's the fare to Davenport?

Unique Political Meeting

The ladies composing the Woman's Branch of the Citizen's League of Daly City, are arranging a campaign meeting with a special color scheme that will appeal to the refining influences of all good people, to be held at Knowles Hall, Daly City, on Monday evening, April 6, 1914.

The hall is to be profusely decorated with California Poppies, Aoides or Calla Lilies and American Flags. The speakers will be exclusively ladies, including some of the most brilliant women in San Mateo county and San Francisco. In fact, just mere men must be the listeners only.

Besides the floral decorations, there will be high-class musical selections, both vocal and instrumental by very talented performers, so that the whole affair will be filled with interest.

The ladies are enthusiastic in their efforts to improve municipal conditions in Daly City—purify the political atmosphere for better and cleaner streets and beautiful homes.

The ladies announce that a cordial invitation is extended to all and that no collection will be taken up.

Chamorita May 31.

The I. D. E. S. Society has met to arrange for their annual celebration, the Chamorita, which will be held on Pentecost Sunday, May 31, a dance to be given the evening previous and on the afternoon following after the public has partaken of a free barbecue. The dancing will be free to all. No one who has ever been the guest of this Portuguese society on these occasions will miss the opportunity to repeat the pleasure. The Sunday following, Trinity Sunday, will be celebrated by the society, but it will be more of a private and devotional nature. Miss Cunha has been selected as queen.

The world would be much better if people could learn that most of the things they worry about never happen.

Ocean Shore to Santa Cruz

Commencing April 1, 1914, the "gap" between the end of the Ocean Shore railroad at Swanton and the terminus of the northern end of the road at Tunitas will be covered daily by modern automobile service connecting with Ocean Shore trains at each end between Santa Cruz and San Francisco. Connection will be made with the 8:00 a. m. train from Santa Cruz, landing passengers at the Twelfth and Mission streets station of the Ocean Shore railroad in San Francisco at 4:15 p. m. Southbound trip will leave San Francisco from the Twelfth and Mission streets station at 10 a. m. daily, arriving at Santa Cruz at 5:50 p. m.

At last the opportunity has arrived for people to traverse the spectacular route followed by the Ocean Shore railroad between San Francisco and Santa Cruz in a comfortable, convenient and inexpensive manner.

The new company undertaking the establishment of this daily service will be known as the Ocean Shore auto stage company, and the service will be conducted in a high-class and up-to-the-minute manner. Schedules will be strictly adhered to, and the through fare will be $4.50 each way. Through tickets may be purchased at the ticket offices of the Ocean Shore railroad at either Santa Cruz or San Francisco.

"The people owe it to themselves to make this trip at least once so as to familiarize themselves with the beautiful country, and at the same time enjoy the most fascinating 80-mile journey that can be found in any part of the state of California," said I. N. Randall, general agent of the Ocean Shore.

"Through tickets will be sold to Weddell creek, Torquay (White House creek), Gazos Creek, Pigeon Point, Pebble Beach, Pescadero, San Gregorio and Tunitas glen.

"For those who may not be aware of the fact I might state that the closest entrance to the Big Basin is via Torquay or the White House creek. From that point it is only 3½ miles from the road crossing to the very heart of the California Redwood park."

Labor Bureau Investigators To Be Selected by Civil Service.

The California State Civil Service Commission announces an examination for Special Agents and Investigators of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, to be held on April 4, 1914.

The California State Bureau of Labor employs some fourteen Special Agents to carry on its investigations of the conditions surrounding the employment of labor. These agents receive from $100 to $125 per month. The most competent investigators are frequently drawn from skilled factory employees who have had at least a grammar school education, or its equivalent, and it is urged that persons so qualified take this examination.

Persons desiring to enter this examination should apply promptly to the State Civil Service Commission, at Sacramento, for application blanks. Only those applications received by 5 P. M. March 30, 1914, will considered for this examination.

San Mateo County Registration

County Clerk Jos. H. Nash certified to the registration of voters in the county as follows and forwards same to the Secretary of State, Frank Jordan: Republicans 4422, Democrats 1838, Progressives 1002, Socialists 305, declined to state politics 287, Union Labor 5, Prohibition 22, total registration 7881. At the last election the total registration was only 9500 and now when regisration has practically just begun, it is nearly that figure. It is believed that the 12,000 mark will be reached before registration closes. This is an excellent indication of how rapidly the county is growing.

Casey Will Score.

A petition asking for the recall of Supervisor James T. Casey of the first township, has been filed with the county clerk.

The signers charge Mr. Casey with incompetency and conduct unbecoming a county official, both of which are absurd. The Comet man—"a Coast Side printer"—has attended meetings of the board of supervisors for four years and found Casey always on hand scoring for progress.—Coast Side Comet.

PACIFIC COAST SIDE

What Our Neighbors Along the Pacific's Shore Have Been Doing, Are Doing and Will Continue To Do

E. K. Hutchinson and wife of Oakland spent the week-end with Mrs. Hutchinson's sister, Mrs. H. Amseler at Farallone City.

Mrs. Cora Boland of Rockaway Beach has leased the Wilcox Villa home at Montara and moved in on Wednesday.

Word has just been received by friends residing on the Coast Side of the death of Mrs. Albina B. Beffa at her home in Petaluma.

Ernest Bonzagni of San Diego is at Princeton visiting his brother, Alex. Jack Healy of San Francisco is also visiting Mr. Bonzagni.

Dr. Hugo Shilling, professor of German at University of California and his wife spent Sunday at Montara visiting Dr. W. S. Hoskinson and Harr Wagner.

Mrs. J. E. Meyers of Brighton Beach was taken to San Francisco Monday where she had a very serious operation performed. Mr. Meyers accompanied his wife to the city.

During the past week the Ocean Shore Railroad has put down a new floor in the Farallone depot. Also made some much needed improvements on and near the freight depot.

Franklin Swart came over Tuesday and was met by E. A. Shaw and Alvin Hatch, viewers. The trio went over the proposed highway between here and Tunitas and report that there is now no obstacle in the way of its completion.

The road contractor James Willison has received two carloads of crushed rock, two of cement, one carload of coal, two carloads of rolled barley, two carloads iron culvert pipes and one carload blasting powder this week.

Caleb Coakley of Colma spent Sunday on the beach at Princeton, with a party of friends. Mr. Coakley has been a resident of San Mateo county and never visited the Coast Side before. He was agreably surprised and says that hereafter he will bring his friends down the coast when he wants to show them a good time and country.

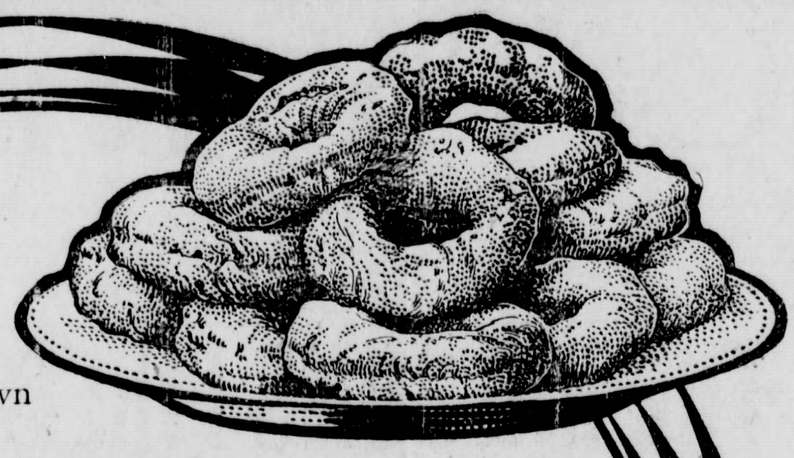
Dick Daneri is on the waterwagon again. At which the people of Half Moon Bay rejoiceth, for the streets of the town needed sprinkling, the dry weather having caused much annoyance in migrating much dust. Dick is a good shot at deer, but when it comes to throwing rocks he is no better at it than a lefthanded cross-eyed woman. Judge Kerrick can verify this.

Death has again invaded the Luiz household. Two weeks ago the husband and father answered the summons to pass beyond, and yesterday morning the wife and mother Mary F. Luiz, made the same sad journey. She was aged 55, and leaves several relatives and many friends in the community to mourn her loss.

L. H. Pfister, an inspector of the State Dairy Bureau, swore to a warrant for the arrest of M. Albrect, charging him with maintaining an unsanitary dairy. Albrecht appeared before Justice Pitcher Friday for trial and was fined $10, with the admonition that if he did not put his dairy in proper condition within thirty days the full penalty of the law would be administered to him. He promised to be good.

While others are talking of improvements Half Moon is going right ahead with them. M. P. Dutra is busy constructing a 30x40 addition to the Mosconi garage and has three other contracts to figure on. Andy Gilcrest is preparing to put on a sixty-foot addition to his hotel. This improvement will extend to the butchershop on the east, which fronts on Kelly avenue.

J. V. Swift, editor and proprietor of the Redwood City Democrat, with his daughter and son-in-law, Dr. J. J. McCormick, a successful dentist of San Francisco, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Hatch from Saturday afternoon to Monday morning. They attended the bazaar the first evening here, and the following day, Sunday, in company with their host and hostess and Mrs. Joseph Francis, enjoyed a motor trip to Pescadero and return. Mr. Francis went to Redwood with them to attend a meeting of the supervisors.



Dandy Doughnuts

white and fluffy in the center, crisp and brown outside, are made with

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Doughnuts need not be grease soaked, tough, indigestible. Look to the shortening you use and the frying fat. **Swift's Silver-Leaf Brand Pure Lard** is best for both uses. It is the secret of doughnut success. Use it and you will have the satisfaction of having your friends say, "Delicious, I must try your recipe."

For doughnuts that melt in your mouth, try this recipe:

1 cup sugar; 2½ teaspoonsful Swift's Silver-Leaf Brand Pure Lard; 3 eggs; 1 cup milk; 4 teaspoons baking powder; ½ teaspoonful cinnamon, ¼ teaspoon grated nutmeg; 1½ teaspoon salt.

Cream lard and add ½ of sugar. Beat egg until light, add remaining sugar, combine the two mixtures. Add 3½ cups flour, baking powder, salt and spices and enough more flour to make a dough just stiff enough to roll. Roll, cut out and fry in deep fat (Swift's Silver-Leaf Brand Pure Lard.) Drain on brown paper.

Use **Swift's Silver-Leaf Brand Pure Lard** and have tasty pastry.

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At Your Dealer's

ARE YOU LOVABLE?

By Elbert Hubbard

The world has more love in it to-day than it ever had before, but it is still running on a short allowance.

To love and be loved means the highest form of happiness that mortals know.

Not to love or to be loved means misery abject. Those who are well loved live long and well.

These are the people who accomplish results in the world of art, music, literature, acting, oratory, business work.

"Love and life" are synonymous terms.

To love means allying yourself to the forces of the universe—moving with the eternal tides—"hitching your wagon to a star."

To love one is to love all. For loving one we are in harmony with all. Then do our footfalls tinkle with the music of the spheres; and the days are radiant.

To be lovable one has to have certain qualities—physical, mental and moral.

And our moral and mental qualities, psychologists now tell us, turn largely on our physical condition.

The body is the instrument fo Deity. It should be servant to the soul. Through the body do we reflect the Supreme Intelligence of which we are a part.

Those rare moments when we are in tune with the Infinite are only possible when the body does its perfect work.

"The sick man is a rascal," said old Dr. Johnson. And the world now knows it is true. To be well is not only a privilege but a duty.

The chief cause of illness among Americans is overeating. In India, it may be famine; but here, as a people, we eat to repletion, and our energies are taxed getting rid of the waste

Ninety per cent of our maladies are caused by malnutrition.

That fashionable complaint, appendicitis, is always preceded by impaction, and before this comes a dull, sluggish condition where the peristaltic action of the digestive tract grows faint and falters.

Relief is sought in medication, and the "dope habit" is upon us. Sluggishness follows stimulation, as does night and day. And there shuffles in a desire for a pick-me-up, and the man becomes a "fiend." And I hope I do not have to explain that a fiend is not lovable.

All of his energies are being consumed in running his boiler, and there is no power left for the pulleys. Bad breath watery eyes, pain in the side dancing spots on the vision, flatulence, dizziness, headache, all mean food poisoning. What is called heart disease is usually a form of indigestion.

Many people eat four meals a day—breakfast, luncheon, dinner and supper after the theatre. Such folks are bound to suffer, and much of the time are consequently unloving and unlovable.

When you are aware you have a stomach and are given to introspection, and introspection means misery.

And misery is contagious. Also, I might add that happiness is not only contagious but infectious.

Joy runs over and inundates everything. It bubbles, effervesces, overfflows itsb anks and makes the waste places own until we impart it to another. And in order to have sweet green. We keep joy by giving it away. A thought is not our and joyous thoughts, you must have a body that can mirror your mood.

If we were sailors, living twelve hours or more a day in the open air, we could stuff our holds with a mixed cargo and thrive. But living much indoors, with vexed mental problems to solve, we need the fertile mind and the mood that sees things in their true light.

To this end we must get rid of the farmhand habit of eating.

We want less food and better food— this is the cry. We would be gallant, generous gentlemen, and intelligent, gracious ladies, all!

The poor, the sick, the grouchy have got to go. We would be patient, appreciative, receptive.

We would know the fine art of listening. We would sit in the silence with our friend without embarrassment; and pack each pause with feeling. For only then are we *lovable*.

To be lovable we must have moral qualities. And by them is meant the traits of character that make you able to put yourself in place of the other person. This means deference for the rights of others, consideration, sympathy, slowness to blame and quickness to commend.

Mental qualities are those that we use in making decisions. Mentality means knowledge, memory, insight, ability to face problems and solve them rightly; to throw the searchlight of imagination into the future, and thus possess the prophetic vision.

People who are harried, worried, in doubts are dangerous in a business way, unsafe and unreliable.

They see slights where none are intended, are jealous, peevish, fretful, fault-finding.

They blame all their ills on others and have a faculty of making a whole household miserable.

And, of course, they are unlovable.

Such people have a coated tongue, cracked lips, blotchy complexions, dull eyes, yellow teeth. These things mean one of three things—and usually all of them. Overeating; Underbreathing; The wrong kind of food.

Cut down your food quantity and increase your lung capacity by breathing deeply in the open air, with mouth closed, and note how your thinking improves.

The man who lears many languages does not always enlarge his mind. A porter in a Swiss hotel who spoke many languages with equal facility and inaccuracy, was once asked what was his native tongue. He replied that he did not know, but that he spoke all languages. "But in what language do you think?" asked the persistent questioner. "I neva tink,' was the prompt reply.

It does no particular harm to look upon the wine that is red, if you do not remove the cork from the bottle that holds it.

It is hardly necessary to say that most of the rage against the President's Mexican and Panama Canal toll policies is purely partisan.

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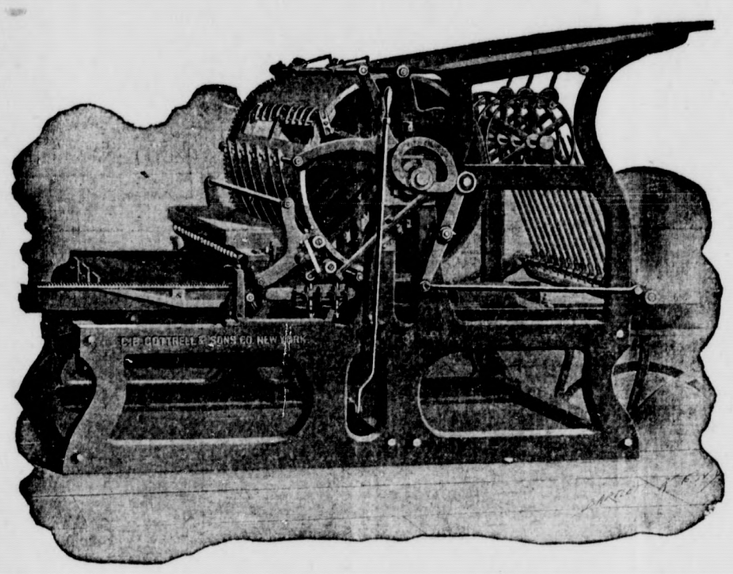
1915

CALIFORNIA



San Mateo Index

AND

Daly City Record

Goes Directly Into the Hands of Those Whom You Wish Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices **Good Workmanship**

OCEAN SHORE RAILROAD

Sundays only	Daily	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Distance from S. F.	TIME TABLE No. 26 November 2, 1913 STATIONS	Daily except Sunday	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Sunday only	Sunday only
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:30	2.5	Shops	7:15	2:15	4:00	4:45	8:25
8:33	5:59	10:23	8:40	5.4	Onondago	7:07	2:02	3:50	4:36	8:17
8:37	6:03	10:27	8:46	7.1	Palmetto	7:03	1:55	3:46	4:32	8:13
8:39	6:05	10:29	8:50	7.6	DALY CITY	7:01	1:52	3:44	4:30	8:11
8:46	6:12	10:35	9:00	9.9	Thornton	6:54	1:42	3:38	4:24	8:04
8:52	6:19	10:41	9:06	11.9	Mussel Rock	6:46	1:34	3:30	4:16	7:56
8:55	6:22	10:44	9:10	13.1	Edgemar	6:42	1:29	3:26	4:12	7:52
8:59	6:26	10:48	9:16	14.3	SALADA	6:39	1:24	3:23	4:09	7:49
9:00	6:28	10:49	9:19	14.8	Brighton	6:35	1:18	3:19	4:05	7:45
9:03	6:31	10:53	9:23	16.0	Vallemar	6:32	1:13	3:15	4:01	7:42
9:05	6:33	10:55	9:45	16.6	Rockaway	6:31	1:10	3:14	4:00	7:41
9:11	6:39	11:01	10:04	18:1	TOBIN	6:26	12:53	3:09	3:55	7:36
9:14	6:42	11:04	10:07	18.9	Ransome	6:23	12:46	3:05	3:51	7:33
9:22	6:50	11:12	10:15	21.1	Green Canon	6:15	12:38	2:57	3:42	7:25
9:26	6:54	11:16	10:30	22.8	Montara	6:10	12:32	2:51	3:34	7:20
9:28	6:56	11:18	10:33	23.0	FARALLONE	6:09	12:30	2:50	3:32	7:19
9:32	6:59	11:22	10:38	24.1	MOSS BEACH	6:06	12:23	2:47	3:27	7:16
9:33	7:00	11:24	10:39	24.4	Marine	6:05	12:19	2:45	3:25	7:15
9:37	7:04	11:28	10:43	26.0	Princeton	6:01	12:16	2:41	3:21	7:11
9:38	7:05	11:30	10:44	26.5	North Granada	5:59	12:15	2:39	3:20	7:09
9:40	7:06	11:31	10:45	27.1	Granada	5:58	12:13	2:38	3:19	7:08
9:42	7:08	11:32	10:54	27.6	SO. GRANADA	5:57	12:12	2:37	3:17	7:07
9:43	7:09	11:34	10:57	28.1	Miramar	5:55	12:09	2:35	3:15	7:05
9:50	7:15	11:40	11:14	30.2	HALF MOON	5:50	12:01	2:30	3:10	7:00
10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Arleta	5:45	11:55	2:25	3:05	6:55
10:10	7:30	11:59	.....	32.6	Fairhaven	.....	11:21	2:20	3:00	.....
10:15	7:33	12:05	.....	34.3	Purissima	.....	11:15	2:15	2:55	.....
10:17	7:34	12:07	.....	34.8	Sealrox	.....	11:12	2:09	2:54	.....
10:23	7:38	12:13	.....	36.1	Lobitos	.....	11:07	2:06	2:50	.....
10:30	7:43	12:20	.....	38.0	TUNITAS	.....	11:00	2:00	2:40	.....

MEASURES BEFORE PEOPLE.

The first comprehensive resume of just what the voters of California will be asked to cast their ballots upon on November 3rd next in the way of constitutional amendments, bonding acts and initiative and referendum measures has just been issued by Secretary of State Frank C. Jordan. This circular gives, however, but the gist of the various measures; a book containing the full text of each will be mailed to every voter in the State on or about August 15th.

In all the voters will be asked to decide for or against twenty-two constitutional measures and four referendum measures.

The proposed constitutional amendments are:

Amendment No. 32—To provide extra sessions of the District Court of Appeal, with the benches occupied by selected members of any Court of Appeal or Sueprior Court.

Amendment No. 12—Relating to appeals.

Amendment No. 13—Relating to the place and manner of payment of bonds, and interest on bonds, of counties, cities, municipalities, irrigation districts and other public corporations.

Amendment No. 15—Relating to the exemption from taxation of certain property of colleges.

Amendment No. 17—Relating to the exemption from taxation of vessels engaged in commerce.

Amendment No. 16—Relating to the taking of property for public use, and payment therefor.

Amendment No. 34—Restricting the power of counties, cities and other State subdivisions to incur indebtedness.

Amendment No. 53—Relating to the operation of public utilities by municipal corporations.

Amendment No. 6—Relating to revenue and taxation.

Amendment No. 7—Relating also to revenue and taxation.

Amendment No. 19—Relating to elections.

Amendment No. 23—Limiting the expense for officers and employees of the State Legislature.

Amendment No. 25—Relating to municipal corporations.

Amendment No. 47—Supervision, regulation and conduct of affairs of irrigation, reclamation or drainage districts.

Amendment No. 60—Amendments to the charters of counties and the surrender thereof.

Amendment No. 62—The supervision and regulation of public utilities.

Amendment No. 81—Relating to municipal corporations.

Amendment No. 84—Relating to irrigation districts.

Amendment No. 87—The power of the State Raliroad Commission to fix the just compensation for the taking of property of public utilities in eminent domain proceedings.

Amendment No. 88—Relating to a convention for revising the Constitution of the State of California.

Amendment No. 90—Conditions of labor and the welfare of employees.

Amendment No. 92—Relating to the election of United States Senators.

The four bonding acts are for the following purposes:

To provide for the issuance and sale of "State building bonds" for the building of State buildings in Sacramento; creating a commission to select suitable sites and determine the amounts to be expended on the buildings; creating by appropriation a sinking and interest fund for the bonds; and making an appropriation of $500 to pay for the printing of the bonds and the submission of the act to the people.

To provide for the issuance and sale of State bonds for the erection of State buildings upon a lot in San Francisco for use of State offices, with headquarters here, and to create a sinking fund for the bonds and appropriations for printing bonds and submitting the act to the voters.

To provide for the issuance and sale of "State fair grounds bonds," to enlarge and extend the State fair grounds at Sacramento, add to present buildings and erect new ones, and carry out a general beautification; creating a sinking and interest fund for the bonds, and making an appropriation to prepare the bonds and submit the proposal to the people.

To provide for the issuance and sale of bonds to improve San Francisco harbor by the construction of new and additional wharves, piers State railroad spurs and appurtenances and necessary dredging and filling in; and appropriating $5000 to prepare the bonds and submit the act to a vote.

The six initiative measures provide for the following:

That no poll or head tax for any purpose whatever be levied or collected in the State of California.

That any employer requiring or allowing any agent or employe to work more than eight hours a day or more than forty-eight hours a week, except in cases of extraordinary emergency, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of from $50 to $500, imprisonment of from ten to ninety days, or both.

For the amendment of an act entitled "An act for the certification of land titles and the simplification of the transfer of real estate."

That no elector be allowed to vote on any question of incurring bonded indebtedness of the State or of a county, municipality or other political subdivision unless he be the owner of property liable to taxation for the payment of such indebtedness.

For the prohibition of manufacture, sale, giving away and transportation of intoxicating liquors.

For the prohibition of prize fights and betting thereon, and in the giving of testimony in trials relating thereto.

The four referendum measures are as follows:

Declaring nuisances all buildings or places wherein acts of lewdness, assignation or prostitution occur, and providing for their abatement by injunction or otherwise.

Defining investment companies, investment brokers and agents and providing for their regulation, supervision and licensing; to provide penalties for the violation thereof; and creating and making appropriation for commissioner of corporations.

Relating to the sale of wild game.

Creating a State water commission and regulating the use of water under State control; providing for the appointment and terms of office of the commission members; providing for the co-operation of the courts; regulating the appropriation of water; excepting from this act cities, cities and counties, municipal water districts, irrigation districts and lighting districts.

ROUND THE WORLD

Jersey City, N. J., is now under commission government.

Ostriches and alligators are raised in incubators in South Africa.

Philadelphia has 547 vacant lots under cultivation by poor families.

A cloud of locusts brought an air man to the ground in France recently.

A woman suffrage directory will be published in New York by Ann Dowling.

Los Angeles had a rain June 26, the first instance of the kind on that date in thirty-five years.

The egg production of this country increased from 450,000,000 in 1880 to 1,300,000,000 in 1912.

A furniture museum is being organized in London for the benefit of furniture designers and builders.

A machine for drying whey and converting it into powder for food has been invented by a New Yorker.

Culebra slides began to be troublesome as long ago as 1884, when the French were working in the cut.

One factory in Ohio uses 10,000,000 feet of poplar and oak lumber annually, producing 300,000,000 bungs a year.

The number of cattle in this country has decreased in recent years, while the poultry flock has grown larger.

An Ohio judge suggests that brides to be should submit samples of their cooking with their applications for a license.

The oldest town in Alaska is Unalaska. It was settled in 1778. Its population, according to the last census, was 281.

Apple growers in the state of Washington are planning to sell their crops in Colombo, Singapore, Calcutta and Hongkong.

Louisville (Ky.) grocers who keep their stores properly clean are rewarded with certificates of merit by the Housewives' league.

A potato shortage in England caused prices to advance June 1 in Manchester to $30 per ton against $12.90 a the same time last year.

A Siamese government savings bank has been established to encourage thrift among the people. Interest of 2 per cent is paid on call deposits and 3 per cent for six months' deposits.

A portable searchlight supplied with gas from a tank carried on a man's back has been invented to enable linesmen to see the tops of poles at night without having to climb them.

Superintendent William H. Maxwell of New York city has a record of more than a quarter of a century in a professional administrative position in New York if his term in Brooklyn be included.

There are 3,664 establishments in Brazil engaged in the textile industry, principally cotton goods. The number of operators employed is about 168,700 and the value of the output $275,000,000 annually.

A French scientist who has combined the motion picture camera and X ray apparatus into one instrument, by which the processes of internal organs may be studied, has given it the name of biorontgenograph.

Using mercury vapor lamps in her greenhouse, a Scotchwoman horticulturist not only forces seeds to sprout and plants to grow in half the usual time, but also produces greater depth of color in the vegetation.

The average output of coal to each person employed in the industry in the United States is a little more than 600 tons, in the United Kingdom 260 tons, in Germany 240 tons, in France 188 tons and in Belgium 164 tons.

After an investigation, made under the direction of the Liverpool Anti-sweating league, the statement is made that there are 50,000 women at work in factories, shops, warehouses, etc., who make less than $3.15 a week.

Not many years ago Russia was a strong rival of the United States in the production of petroleum. Now the Russian empire yields only about 68 per cent as much oil as California alone and not much more than Oklahoma.

Sault Ste. Marie still maintains its reputation for being one of the greatest ports in the world. The shipping that passed through its canal in the last twelve months is reported to have exceeded that of the Suez canal by 5,000,000 tons.

Famine seriously threatening, continued drought having prevented the planting of crops, the Chinese in Honan district have taken their gods out of their temples and set them in the sun to bake until they appreciate the need of rain.

After four years of litigation a Tokyo court has affirmed the decision of a lower Japanese court, which in 1908 sentenced every inhabitant of the village of Shimidzu to from six to fourteen months' imprisonment for cutting trees in the imperial forests of Yaguchi.

According to the Mining Journal, London, experiments made to bring aluminium to a liquid condition so that it may be spread when cold over any dry surface have, according to the German press, been crowned with success. The composition is applied like paint with a brush and looks when spread like a dull silver coating.

La Fortuna factory, at Madrid, for the manufacture of crackers, chocolates and candy, which was recently opened, covers an area of 92,000 square feet, 12,000 square feet being occupied by four great furnaces, each forty-three feet in length. The daily output of the factory is 4,000 pounds of block chocolate, 11,000 pounds of biscuit and crackers and 7,000 pounds of fancy chocolates.

BAD ROADS EXTRAVAGANT.

The Hon. Champ Clark says: "I saw it stated once that the energy, material, animal life and time wasted in this country by reason of bad roads amount to the enormous sum of $400,000,000 annually. This is astounding and may be exaggeration, but it is known that the waste is enormous. This state of affairs is so easily bettered that it is idiotic, if not criminal, to let it continue. Twenty odd years ago I advocated building by convict labor four great roads across Missouri. I was twenty years ahead of my time, but I rejoice that what I suggested then, and even much more, is in contemplation and near fruition."

THE INFLUENCE OF GOOD ROADS ON HEALTH.

A Point In Their Favor That Has Not Received Much Attention.

The influence of good roads on public health is a point in their favor that has not received much attention. The Kansas state board of health puts the feature in the foreground and wants modern improved roads in that state because they prevent disease.

They do this because they afford drainage. A good road can never remain a good road unless it is well drained. The roadbed must not have any standing water either on its surface or below the surface. It must have drainage, and the gutters beside the roads must have slope and be kept free from obstruction so that all surplus water can escape quickly and easily.

An old fashioned, ill drained road, with its frequent pools of standing water on the road or by the roadside, with its ditches filled with weeds, brush and all sorts of trash, is a breeding place of insect life. Mosquitoes, flies and other insects, such as chinch bugs and grasshoppers, multiply there in profusion. It is these insects which either carry disease or are of the kind which destroy the farmer's crops. For these reasons well built, well drained highways are a double benefit since they give the farmer the inestimable advantage of easy communication with his market at all times of the year and by improving the drainage check the breeding of harmful insects.

Good roads mean, therefore, not only a great saving of time and labor for the farmer, but the improvement in the hygienic conditions of the farming community. He is brought nearer to his market, the hauling capacity of his teams is greatly increased, and he is no longer marooned on his farm for many weeks each year owing to the impassable conditions of the roads. That health is promoted as well as comfort and wealth by good roads should give the argument for their construction irresistible force so that their building shall not cease until the whole country is lined with them.

SCOTLAND FOR GOOD ROADS.

Projected Construction of Experimental Road Sections In Scotland.

In December, 1912, according to an article in a recent issue of the Journal of the Institution of Municipal and County Engineers (Great Britain), the Scottish District of the Institution of Municipal and County Engineers appointed a committee to "collect and tabulate data as to improved methods of road construction and particularly information as to the effect of climatic conditions taken in conjunction with traffic upon experimental road lengths to be laid down in districts in Scotland which have distinctive climatic conditions."

After having the matter under advisement the committee decided to put down experimental road lengths in a number of districts in Scotland. Arrangements have been made for the location of these sections in parts of that country where the climatic conditions are suitable for the experiments and where the local surveyors will cooperate with the committee. Provisional arrangements with county surveyors have been made.

It is stated that the road board is cooperating with the institution in this work and that it is expected that the experiments will be of exceptional interest on account of the close consideration it is proposed to give to the effect of climate. It is also expected that the great variations in climatic conditions in Scotland will facilitate the isolation of the factor of weather effect in the destruction of road surfaces.

Rubber Roads.

The proposition to build rubber roads has been seriously put forward in London. It is said that the vibration in the streets due to the heavy solid tired motor trucks and omnibuses has become so great as to constitute a serious menace to the integrity of old buildings. It is, besides, in some portions of the city an intolerable nuisance to the office workers. The case of the region about St. Paul's cathedral is cited in particular. It will soon be a question there of reducing vibration at any cost. And, although it has been calculated that a rubber road to compete commercially with wood blocks or asphalt must have a life of fifty years (which of course it would not have), the big cities may be driven to such roads in congested districts despite their high cost.

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

Indorsed by the Building Trades Council of San Mateo County.

By J. L. BROWN

Entered at the post office of Daly City, Cal., as Second-class matter, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879

TERMS:

One Year, in advance.....$1.50
Six Months, " 75
Three Months, " 40

Daly City, Cal., Friday, March 27, 1914.

WASTEFUL CITY ELECTION EXPENSES.

By reference to the official city election notice that appears in another column of this issue of the Record, it will be noted that our city trustees are to have five election precincts, showing that they are perfectly reckless when it comes to the expenditure of the people's money, if by so-doing they can do politics to their own personal advantage.

It will be remembered that the First Board of Trustees in order to follow in their careful economy that marked all their official transactions, decided that the city election could be conducted at one election precinct, the cost of which would be $60. for six election officers and $10 for the election booth.

This caused a howl, not because anyone doubted but that the election could have been successfully held with one precinct, but for the sole purpose of finding fault with everything the trustees did, so they finally decided to have two precincts at which there was plenty of time to spare with 19 candidates for trustee, 4 for treasurer and 4 for clerk and the votes were all counted before 9 o'clock.

This year, with no more registration and about half the number of candidates, we are to have five precincts that will cost $70 each or $350, exclusive of the ballots, sample ballots and all other election supplies that will aggregate at least $450. Another thing, this establishes a precedent that can hardly be avoided in the future.

The law permits as many or few precincts as the trustees see fit to establish.

THE PEERLESS JIM CASEY

People should be more cautious about signing petitions, and especially when they assail a man's personal character or business transactions, for the signers thus lay themselves liable to both criminal proecution and civil proceedings for damages.

To say that Supervisor Casey is "INCOMPETENT" is certainly beyond all reason. He never misses a meeting of the Board of Supervisors and he votes ten times out of ten on all questions. He is universally on the right side of all important questions and his few errors are unimportant so far as his official conduct is concerned. He is a faithful, earnest hard worker and one of the best supervisors that the county has ever had.

Whlie there is little chance that the recall action will ever come to an election, the stubborn facts are written in black and white that Jim Casey has been slandered, so that either criminal or civil actions will stand, and he may follow the example of that Santa Rosa supervisor, who, after his enemies failed to recall him, instituted suits against the signers of the recall petition for sums aggregating $50,000.

MORE ABOUT PHELAN FOR SENATOR.

Six candidates are already in the field for United States Senator. Each of the three parties has a choice of two aspirants. Fomer Mayor James D. Phelan of San Francisco and Thomas F. Griffin of Modesto are seeking the Democratic nomination, Samuel M. Shortridge of San Francisco and Congressman Joseph R. Knowland of Oakland the Republican, and Francis J Heney of San Francisco and Chester H. Rowell of Fresno the Progressive. Possibly others, among them State Senator A. E. Boynton of Oroville, who is thinking of going after the Republican nomination, will enter the race in the near future, but to date the number of certainties stands at an even half-dozen.

Phelan has developed great strength and is regarded as an easy winner in the primary race. Many newspapers of the coast and interior counties gave him their endorsement on the announcement of his candidacy. The Democratic rank and file have rallied to him as their logical leader, and his opponent is having a hard time getting started. Phelan, aside from his big following in San Francisco, where he is gratefully remembered as the Mayor who saved the taxpayers $2,000,000 and as the private citizen who devoted two years of his time to relief work after the great fire of 1906, has supporters in all parts of the State who are already active in his fight and will keep at it until the polls close in November.

The contests in the other parties are harder to pick. Shortridge has one advantage over Knowland—that of an early start, and is working hard to maintain his lead. Heney and Rowell are both keeping busy and their relative strength is still uncertain. Altogether, the situation looks promising for Phelan, and his followers are confidently predicting that regardless of the outcome of the Republican and Progressive primaries, he will be chosen United States Senator at the general election.

Do not become chesty when a strange woman gives you a pleasant look. She may have mistaken you for the janitor.

CROCKER TRACT HALL GOOD CITIZENS MEETING

Spirited Gathering of Interested Citizens For Better City Government—Good Talks. Ladies Served Fine Lnuch.

Last Wednesday evening the Crocker Tract Hall was the scene of a very interesting and profitable meeting under the auspices of the Citizen's League of Daly City, in which the candidates and several others made nice common-sense talks to the many citizens present.

That grand old war horse, S. R. Emmons, presided and after making a few interesting remarks, called upon the speakers, first the candidates and then others:

The candidates for city trustees, E. R. Poor, T. P. Moran and T. F. O'Rourk each made interesting talks regarding the duties to be expected of them in order to improve municipal conditions and promised their full fidelity to the people's cause.

E. R. Fine gave assurance of his capability and reliability in the handling of the city's funds.

F. B. Woodhouse, the peerlees candidate for city clerk, made a splendid talk in detailing his life long experience in clerical work, promising that he would, if elected, be answerable to the people and woudl do his best to keep the municipal accounts in perfect order, and submit intelligable reports so that all the people could know where their money was going.

C. H. Rothwell made another of his convincing talks. He contended that the only issue in this campaign was 'Bieble' Landini and Me-too Ross," who were always a unit on every question, which indicated that they were following **Program**, regardless of the people's interests. He said that we should have trustees capable of thinking and acting for themselves, such as Moran, O'Rourk and Poor.

Edward Freyer made a few timely remarks on the necessity of a capable city government and was followed by W. M. Talbott who first gave a detailed account of the organization of the Civic League of Daly City and then took up each of the candidates, giving their occupations and general business experiences, that will undoubtedly fit them to make capable and trusted city officials, should the people elect them.

Mrs. E. J. Gozzett made a few remarks inviting the ladies of Daly City to join the Woman's Branch of the League, that meets with Mrs. F. B. Woodhouse, 15 Wellington avenue, every Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m.

This Woman's Branch, of which Mrs. Gozzett is present, here introduced a very pleasant diversion by serving everybody present with coffee and sandwiches, which surely was a pleasant culmination of an all-around good meeting.

A Birthday Party.

Mrs. Katie Wight, whose pleasant home is on F street, near the Boulevard, Colma, gave a very fine party on the evening of St. Patricks Day, March 17, 1914, for the anniversary of her eldest daughter, Irene, she being sixteen years old.

There were about forty gusts present and each joined in the spirit of the occasion. The suroundings were profusely decorated with Shamrock and evergreens, in which much taste had been displayed.

It was a surprise to see the young people of Colma—no one before realized there were so many nice young girls and boys. Each joined heartily in the games and dances, following fine piano music and Mrs. C. P. Lambert's concertina which was a band in itself.

It was certainly an occasion long to be remembered and many were the sincere wishes extended to Miss Irene, who is one of Colma's most interesting young ladies.

How Daly City is Handicapped

Daly City, March 23, 1914.

Editor Daly City Record:

So that the taxpayers of Daly City may be convinced, it is probably very timely to awaken its attention. "Common Sense"(?) in its last issue says, "We demand the majority and not plurality vote for reelection of our trustees, on account of their achievements." We let the 'Common Sense" speak about achievements, and we will tell the voters and taxpayers of Daly City, that only a few days ago San Mateo County decided to invest $100,000 of County money in State Highway bonds, bearing 4 per cent interest while the Daly City municipal water bonds bear 5½ per cent interest. Why? and what would be the reason, that San Mateo County prefers to invest its money buying State bonds in the South, and receiving 1½ per cent less than Daly City bonds are paying? Probably in the (personal) achievements of our city trustees we could discover the reasons. Why is it? Who is able to answer it and when?

Respectfully,
J. F. PANKEWICZ.

DISASTROUS FIRE AWAKENS DALY CITY

Two Business Buildings Destroyed—Another Badly Damaged—Loss About $14,000.

A few minutes after three o'clock Monday morning a brisk fire was discovered in the Heime market on Mission street, between Knowles and Los Angeles avenues, and it gained headway so rapidly that by the time the volunteer fire company arrived the building was a mass of flames and doomed, so that efforts were exerted to save adjoining property on each side.

The water supply was fairly good but it was discovered that the Theta avenue hydrant would not work and that delayed the fire fighters considerably, so that the fire spread in both directions, consuming in its path the small real-estate office and setting fire to the large Pescaro building, while to the north the new Genochino building was also in flames, notwithstanding the heroic efforts that were exerted to keep the fire from spreading in that direction.

In the meantime, the San Francisco fire department had been appealed to for help and very soon they had a fire engine attached to the Crocker Tract Water Co.'s hydrant, corner Mission street and Wellington avenue and M. H. Bradly went to the pumping station and kept the pumps in action. This enabled the engine to pump two heavy streams and the San Francisco firemen soon had the fire under control and prevented its spreading to the Grandview Theatre in the solid block of buildings that includes the large Knowles Hall building.

The Genochino building finally fell and was soon smouldering so that little effort was needed to keep the the Grandview Theatre from catching, In the meantime, the Daly City Volunteer Department had kept the fire in the Pescaro building pretty well in check so that when the fire engine streams was added to their valiant work the fire was soon extinguished.

The origin of the fire is unknown except that it started in the building that is owned by Emelio Scramaglia and occupied by Louis Heim.

The losses were as follows:

E. Pescaro, damage to building about $2,500; stock about $3,500. Fully insured.

Dr. F. Bush, dentist in Pescaro building, total loss of about $1,000; insurance $500.

Dr. G. L. Marion, physician in Pescaro building, loss about $1,000, no insurance.

Emelio Scramaglia, building, $1500.

Louis Heim, market fixtures $1,200, insured for $800.

Tony Genochino, the new building on the corner of Los Angeles avenue and Mission, that was to be occupied by J. Pannelli with a grocery stock as soon as completed, loss about $3,000.

Kasser, real estate office, loss about $150.

Casey Recall Petition Has Bogus Signatures.

County Clerk Joseph H. Nash has been busy during the past week examining the signatures on the recall petition filed against Supervisor Casey. Up to Wednesday night he found the petition short 158 names of the required 527. As soon as Clerk Nash completes the work of varifying the names, he will make a certificate of insufficiency. The petitioners will then have ten days in which to file a supplemental petition with the additional names rquired. If they fail to do so, the petition will be thrown out.

County Clerk Nash explains that many of the names of those who signed the petition are on the great register now but were not on the register when the petition was signed

DALY CITY CITIZEN'S LEAGUE

CITY ELECTION MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1914

The following permanent officers have been duly elected:

PRESIDENT—William M. Talbott.
SECRETARY—Thomas P. Moran.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Samuel R. Emmons, chairman; James H. Woodward; George W. Savage; Francis Murphy; Philip Fahy; E. J. Gozzett.
FINANCE COMMITTEE—J. L. Brown, chairman; James H. Woodward; George W. Savage.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

Bowie, Thos. R.	Kenney, John W.
Bradley, Mark H.	Lang, Ernest L.
Brown, J. L.	Langley, Chas. L.
Butler, Chas. W.	Moller, Philip H.
Fahy, Philip	McKay, Willard L.
Fahy, Leon	Rothwell, Horace C.
Forsell, Emil	Savage, Geo. W.
Gozzett, Edward J.	Soderblom, Gust.
Gregorire, Louis	Squire, Engene
Halvorsen, Thorvald B.	Stockton, A. L.
Hintz, Wm. J.	Thompson, Frank
Johnson, Chas. A.	Tickner, Walter C.
Toft, Henry	

Ladies

Bradley, Kathryn M.	Moller, Sarah
Brehany, Elizabeth	O'Rourk, Emma Jean
Brown, Ethel	Poor, Anna Sophia
Butler, Nettie L.	Rothwell, Bertha
Fine, Luella Violet	Savage, Andria
Freyer, Irene May	Squire, Christina E.
Gozzett, Amy Grace	Swan, Mabel
Howard, Bertha Velzora	Talbott, Ella Highee
Lang, Frances	Tickner, Lola Caroline
Langley, Lottie	Toft, Mrs. Henry
McKay, Jennie	Woodhouse, Leila A.
Moran, Sarah	

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

San Mateo County, California, March 16, 1914.

Sealed bids will be received by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors at his office until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, April 6, 1914, for the construction of 3.835 miles of highway on what is known as the Colma to Half Moon Bay Road, beginning at a point in the town of Brighton Beach at a point known as Station 65x00, Route 2, Division 2 of San Mateo County Highways, and extends in a general southerly direction to a point on the bank of San Pedro Creek known as Station 266x25, Route 2, Division 2 of San Mateo County Highways.

Specifications for this work are on file in the office of the Clerk of said Board, to which bidders are hereby referred.

All bids must be made upon blank forms, to be obtained at the County Surveyor's office of said County, at Redwood City; must give the prices proposed, both in writing and figures, and must be signed by the bidder with his address.

The bid is to be accompanied by a certified check equal to ten (10) per cent of the total of the bid, upon the condition that if said bid shall be accepted, the party bidding will duly enter into the contract and faithfully perform his contract in accordance with his bid, and the plans and specifications. Such check to be made payable to said County of San Mateo.

A common law bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract in such sum as shall be fixed by the said Board of Supervisors after the bids are opened; said sum shall not be less than one-fourth (¼) and not more than one-half (½) of the estimated amount of the contract; and a further bond in a sum equal to one-half (½) of the stimulated amount of the contract must be furnished as required by the terms of an act entitled, "An act to secure the payment of the claims of material-men, mechanics, or laborers employed by contractors upon State, municipal, or other public works," approved March 27, 1897, and acts amendatory thereof.

The contractor to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to appear at the office of the County Clerk with the sureties offered by him and execute the contract within ten (10) days (not including Sundays) from the date of the awarding of the contract, and in case of failure or neglect so to do, he will be considered as having abondoned it, and the check shall be forfeited to the said County of San Mateo.

Bids must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and must be endorsed "Bids for Constructing a Portion of Colma to Half Moon Bay Road—Brighton Beach to San Pedro."

The Board of Supervisors reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

JOS. H. NASH,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo.

This notice first appeared ni the Daly City Record, on Friday, March 20, 1914 and is published three times.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the estate of Dominico Canepa, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of said deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at the office of said Administrator, South San Francisco, California, the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of San Mateo, State of California.

H. G. PLYMIRE,
Administrator of the estate of said deceased.
Dated, Redwood City, Cal., March 18, 1914.
Edw. F. Fitzpatrick, Attorney for said estate.

(Publish 5 times.)

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record, March 20, 1914.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK OF THE CITY OF DALY CITY, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, March 9, 1914.

Sealed proposals for bids will be received by the board of Trustees of the City of Daly City at the City Hall in said City not later than 8 o'clock P. M. on the 30th day of March, 1914, for furnishing certain materials and doing certain work, said material and work constituting in part a municipal water system and more particularly described in plans and specifications and bidding forms of the City of Daly City therefor on file in the office of the City Clerk, Daly City, San Mateo County, California, and at the office of the Consulting Engineers, Messrs. Robert & Deneike, Sheldon Building, San Francisco, California, to whom bidders are hereby referred.

Proposals or bids must be enclosed in a sealed envelope endorsed as follows: "PROPOSAL FOR FURNISHING MATERIAL OR DOING WORK" as the case may be under the respective items enumerated in bidding forms of the City, the same to be addressed to the City Clerk, Daly City, San Mateo County, California, and must be delivered to said City Clerk not later than 8 o'clock P. M. on the 30th day of March, 1914.

All proposals for bids must be submitted on official proposal blanks and must clearly state the price at which the materials will be furnished and the work done according to the segragations provided therein.

All proposals for bids shall be accompanied by a deposit in gold coin or by a check certified to by a responsible bank payable to the order of B. C. Ross, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of said City of Daly City, which deposit or check shall be for an amount not less than 10 per cent of the sum total or aggregate of the proposal or bid.

Proposal forms or bidding blanks will be furnished to prospective bidders upon application at the office of the City Clerk, Daly City, San Mateo County, California, or at the office of the Consulting Engineers, Sheldon Building, San Francisco, California.

The Board of Trustees reserve the right to reject any and all proposals or bids.

By order of the Board of City Trustees of the City of Daly City, San Mateo County, California.

Dated March 9, 1914.

GEO. N. SMITH,
City Clerk.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record, March 13, 1914.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Domenico Zaro, Deceased, No. 1757.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Josephine O. Raspadore, the Administratrix of the Estate of Domenico Zaro, deceased, to the Creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten (10) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administratrix, at her home, at Zaro's Ranch, which is about two miles Southwest of the Town of Colma, in the County of San Mateo, State of California, which Ranch adjoins Holy Cross Cemetery on the South Westerly side thereof, which said Zaro's Ranch the undersigned selects as her place of business in all matters connected with said Estate of Domenico Zaro deceased.

Dated, Colma, San Mateo County, California, March 10, A. D. 1914.

JOSEPHINE O. RASPADORE,
Administratrix of the Estate of Domenico Zaro, deceased.

WILLIAM F. SAWYER,
Attorney for said Administratrix,
333 Kearny Street,
San Francisco, California.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record March 13th and to appear five times.

PHONE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO 152

South San Francisco General Hospital

GRANT and SPRUCE AVENUES

South San Francisco - - - San Mateo Co., Cal.

Buy 2 in 1.
At the
Vista Grande Bakery and Grocery
What is it?
On account of hard times and the high cost of living I will sell on Saturdays and Sundays, 25 Bread Tickets for $1.00, cash only and give a ticket free good for one fresh 5 cent Layer Cake, for each dollar worth sold.
* A. VOGLER, Proprietor.

Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery

A. VOGLER

Good Meat

Such as Is Sold By the

Pacific Meat Company

First Township

Only United States Government Inspected Meats

BEN S. GREEN

Daly City Record

LOCAL PAGE

State Officials

Governor—Hiram W. Johnson.
Lieutenant Governor—Albert J. Wallace.
Secretary of State—Frank C. Jordan.
State Controller—
State Treasurer—E. D. Roberts.
Attorney General—U. S. Webb.
Surveyor General—W. S. Kingsbury.
State Printer—F. W. Richardson.
Supt. of Public Instruction—Edward Hyatt.
Adjutant General—E. A. Forbes.

RAILROAD COMMISSION
President—John M. Eastman.
Commissioners—Harvey D. Loveland, Alex. Gordon, Edwin O. Edgerton, Max Thelen.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
Burton A. Towne, Charles D. Blaney, N. D. Darlington.

County Officials

Judge of Superior Court.....George H. Buck
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Sheriff.....Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor.....Harry Underhill
Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Tax and License Collector.....A. McSweeney
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Public Schools.....Roy W. Cloud
Surveyor.....James V. Neuman
Coroner and Public Admr.....H. G. Plymire
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie
Assemblyman.....Henry Ward Brown

SUPERVISORS
First District.....James T. Casey, Colma
Second District...Wm. H. Brown, San Mateo
Third District.....John MacBain, Menlo Park
Fourth District..J. M. Francis, Halfmoon Bay
Fifth District....D. E. Blackburn, Pescadero

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
First District

Ellis C. Johnson.....Daly City
John F. Davis.....San Bruno

CONSTABLES—First District
. H. Parker.....Daly City
. C. Wallace.....South San Francisco

COLMA POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Money order window opened from 8 a. m. to 5.45 p. m.
Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing the mail.
Mails are dispatched from office 15 minutes before train time.
Outgoing mail leaves as follows:
7.08 a. m.
1.10 p. m.
6.49 p. m.
Mails arriving at this office are as follows:
6.05 a. m.
11.56 a. m.
5.55 p. m.
JOSEPHINE ARMANINO,
Postmistress.

Daly City Officials

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, J. H. Morris
Recorder, Ellis C. Johnson
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

DALY CITY POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.
HAZEL C. RUSSELL,
Postmistress.

For Sale—A 1913 Indian motorcycle, fully equipped; price $220. Enquire at 145 Santa Ana avenue, Daly City. *

The ladies of the M. E. Church Ladies' Aid wish to announce that they have ready-made women's and children's garments for sale, or will make to order. The profits are to be used for a worthy cause. *

When Lent is over the first grand ball will be given by the Druids in Colma hall. The jolly night will be the 18th of April, the anniversary of the earthquake. Everybody is going to be there.

Dr. George Compton of San Francisco will give an entertainment at the Presbyterian church, corner Green avenue and Hanover street, on Tuesday evening, April 14, 1914. The title will be "An Evening of Magic." Admission 15 cents. *

Fine Porperty for Sale—Lot 50 by 140, with 5 room, hardwood finished house and 7 foot basement. There is also a 4 room bungalow in rear. Splendid bargain. Location 616 Grand avenue, South San Francisco. See proprietor J. Vaccari on premises. *

El Carmelo Parlor, 256, N. S. G. W. will give a grand ball at Colma Hall, on Saturday evening, May 9, 1914, at which the music will be furnished by Backstidt's orchestra. Supper at 12 o'clock. Last car at 3 a. m. Admission 25 cents. *

New Barber Shop—Daly City has one of the finest barber shops on the peninsula. It is located at 508 Mission, near Theta avenue, and is certainly a model, with every modern improvement and convenience. "Doc" Haynes, the proprietor, is a first-class tonsorial artist. Ladie's shampoo from 9 to 12, every day except Saturday, Sunday and Holidays only 35 cents. *

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church have a ready made quilt for sale. Inquire at 507 Melrose.

Mrs. George Till of Walnut Creek, after visiting for a week in Daly City, returned to her home Sunday.

Mona Lisa is going to Rome. She could come over here and go into vaudeville any time at big money.

Miss Eva Redding and Paul Meeth, who are attending Ursulene College at Santa Rosa, visited home folks in Daly City Sunday.

The shower yesterday was refreshing, in that it settled the dust, that our sprinkling cart cannot do when it is doing politics.

Mrs. Henry Ward Brown of Colma visited Los Gatos Thursday in company with a number of lady friends from San Francisco.

Mrs. G. W. Savage has returned from a two week's stay at San Jose, in atendance at the bedside of her mother who is quite ill.

Mrs. "Doc" Haynes, wife of Daly City's very popular barber, who is engaged as a school principal at Santa Cruz, is spending a week with her husband.

Last week Mr. and Mrs. H. Wilcox left for Fresno where they expect to make their future home. Mrs. Wilcox is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Moller of Daly City.

One day last week the roof of David Atkinson's house at Colma caught fire from an electric wire, but was discovered in time and extinguished by some Italian gardeners.

Albert Colli, charged with numerous raids on chicken coops of Daly City was tried before Judge Johnson Tuesday and given a 60-day sentence in the county jail where they eat beans.

G. J. Doering has been awarded the contract for reconstructing the Tony Genochino building at the corner of Los Angeles avenue and Mission, that was destroyed in Monday morning's fire. The cost will exceed $3,500.

Dr. G. L. Marion had a painful accident Tuesday while cutting kindling wood, when a stick flew up striking his left eye. The eyeball was considerably injured so that he went to the city to have it properly cared for.

James H. McCarthy, the new manager of the Peninsula Drug Co., has moved his family to Daly City and occupies the Frank R. Sampson cottage on Santa Ana avenue. Mr. McCarthy seems a wide-awake gentleman, just the kind to make a good citizen.

That was some stunt in sending the water wagon through Vista Grande to do politics for the solid three, and they worked it to a frazzle. 'See what WE are doing for you," they would say when supplying the people. But Vista Grande never was thus favored before.

Dr. E. H. Bryan, the physician and surgeon who recently arrived in Daly City and decided to locate here, has temporarily established himself at 302 Hanover street, where he will answer all demands for his services. Dr. Bryan was for many years located at Eureka, California, where he enjoyed a splendid reputation both as a high-class physician and surgeon and as an exemplary citizen, such as any city might well be proud of, and it would seem that Daly City is decidedly fortunate that one of such ability and character has located here.

The Viciuos "Recall"

It is a pity that a small minority in the First township is bent on doing the whole community a great injury by invoking the unjust "recall" against Supervisor James T. Casey—should they succeed in carrying out their designs. Assuming that such a thing is possible—and it is not—to remove Supervisor Casey at this time, or at any time, would be an act of folly. We cannot believe that such an attempt will go unrebuked by the solid, sensible-thinking people of the First township. The building up of a community is of greater importance than the satisfying of the personal spite of a few—and who can say that Supervisor Casey has not been zealous in serving the best interests of his constituents. No other supervisor has done more for his people. No representative in the Board of Supervisors could have been more alert than he has been in securing for the First township a full share of what is due it. This he has been able to accomplish through the friendly feeling his fellow members have for him. And in the midst of his work the unjust, un-American recall has been attempted to be used against him. It will fail, of course. The ultimate result will be that this unjust privilege that the malcontents of a community are so ready to take advantage of will be itself recalled, or so amended as to be a useful measure and not a weapon of revenge, easy of access, in the hands of the irresponsible.—Redwood City Democrat.

Subscribe for the Record.

To the Women of Daly City.

March 25, 1914.

The Woman's Branch of the Citizen's League of Daly City extend a most cordial invitation to all lady voters, registered within the precinct of Daly City, to join with us in our effort to secure for Daly City a cleaner and more efficient administration through the use of the ballot.

The Woman's Branch has come together for the purpose of cleaning our City of its present administration, to uplift it from the pit it so disastrously has fallen into.

We feel that every woman ought to learn how to vote intelligently. Our future candidates must be capable men; men who will portect our children; men who will protect our interests in City, County, State and National affairs, which will come before us from time to time; men who will raise the standard of our City so high that our sister cities will never reproach us again for the corrupt politics with which we have been governed.

Any lady voter, registered within the precinct of Daly City may join this organization, which is non-partisan, on signing the roll, which simply asks that they lend their effort to elect candidates for the Citizen's League at the coming municipal election to be held on April 13, 1914.

The Reception Committee will meet at the residence of Mrs. Frank B. Woodhouse, 15 Wellington ave., every Tuesday at 2:30 p. m.

Respectfully,
LUELLA V. FINE, Secretary.
579 Templeton ave.,
Station "L," S. F.

If you want a prosperous town where people can come who are disposed to make homes, than do away with and bury from sight all jealousy and spite work, move for common prosperity and mutual benefit. Wake up, rub your eyes, roll up your sleeves and go to work.

Everything that was ever accomplished on the face of this earth was achieved with the same equipment that you possess.—Herbert Kaufman.

Water Famine Incident.

About as contemptible as piece of cussidness as could be imagined of the present city administration, was their failure last Friday to supply Mrs. J. L. Brown and her two babies, aged respectively 30 months and 5 months, with water, while every other person on Theat avenue was fully supplied.

The municipal sprinkling wagon was driven to Theta avenue and remained there for from fifteen to thirty minutes and every person was notified except Mrs. Brown who was engaged in her household duties.

Tom Hurd, the city street commissioner and manager of the common stench, is quoted as saying that he rapped at the Record office door, where there is a plain sign to "Walk In." No one believes that he did, for if he had made the effort, there is no doubt but that he could have made himself heard instead of Hurd, if he tried.

The first thing Mrs. Brown knew of the visit was probably a half hour later when she went to Mrs. Lyon's grocery on Melrose street for water and was told by Mrs. White, Mrs. Lyons, Mrs. Behre and others, how everybody else on the one-block street had been supplied.

Other portions of Daly City have suffered water famines before and the people have been supplied by the city with the sprinkling wagon, but not until last week was the Vista Grande district favored to that extent. It was a pre-election opportunity to thus ignore the editor of the Record, and thereby give another proof of their unfitness and incompetency to treat with decent people.

No greater injury can be done a teacher than to condemn her at home in the presence of pupils. There are many—they usually alude to a teacher as a school marm—who persist in believing and encouraging that a school teacher is never to be regarded other than with suspicion.

The over-estimated man generally has to keep on the jump to prevent being found out.

Efficient Jim Casey

The State Highway will soon be completed from the county line to Colma. When this is done the great Mission street of San Francisco will be extended to our doors. Supervisor James T. Casey was the first man of our county to believe this would be done and many a nerve-racking day and night he put in bringing it about. He succeeded, but not without great effort. He had to cope with much powerful influence that insisted that the highway should run to San Jose on the other side of the bay. What a wonderful advantage the highway is to Daly City and all the other people of the First township. It actually makes us a part of San Francisco. Fair-minded people appreciate the man who brings about such great benefits. It is not even possible that they will forget Jim Casey.—Colma correspondent of the Redwood City Democrat.

An exchange makes the following pertinent comment: A farmer who was carrying an express package from a city mail order house, was accosted by a local merchant: "Why didn't you buy that bill of goods from me? I could have saved you the express and besides you would have been patronizing a home store, which helps pay the taxes and build up this locality." With characteristic frankness, the farmer asked: "Why didn't you patronize your home paper and advertise? I read it and didn't know you had the goods I have here, nor do I ever see your name in the paper inviting one to come to your store."

DALY CITY ELECTION NOTICE

WHEREAS, it is provided by law that a general election for the purpose of electing municipal officers for the City of Daly City, San Mateo County, State of California, be held in said city on the 13th day of April, 1914.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given by the Board of Trustees of said City of Daly City, that a general election will be called and held in the City of Daly City, San Mateo County, State of California, on MONDAY, APRIL 13th, 1914, for the purpose of electing, and there shall be elected at said election, the following officers to hold office in said City of Daly City, as prescribed by law, to-wit:

(a) Theree members of the Board of Trustees.
(b) Clerk.
(c) Treasurer.

And there will also be submitted to the voters of said City to be voted upon at said election the following proposition, to-wit:

"Shall the members of the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City receive a salary of $15.00 per month as compensation for their services as members of said Board."

There shall be five election precincts within said city for the purpose of holding said election, which shall be, and are hereby designated as follows, to-wit: Election precinct No. 1, Election precinct No. 2, Election precinct No. 3, Election precinct No. 4, and election precinct No. 5, respectively.

Precinct No. 1.

Election precinct No. 1 shall consist of all that portion of the City of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of the Mission Road, also known as the main County Road intersects the northerly boundary line of San Mateo County; thence along said County line to the easterly limits of Daly City; thence southwesterly along said city limits of Daly City to a point on the easterly boundary line of the Abbey Homestead Tract; thence due north to the southerly boundary line of the Crocker Tract Sub-Division; thence easterly along said boundary line of said Crocker Tract Sub-division to the center line of Green avenue; thence northerly along said center line of said Green avenue to the center line of the aforesaid Mission Road; thence northeasterly along said center line of the Mission Road to the point of beginning.

The polling place for said election precinct No. 1 shall be No. 15 Manchester street.

The officers to conduct said election in said "Election Precinct No. 1" have been appointed and designated as follows:

Inspectors (2) F. W. Thompson and A. A. Peterson.
Judges (2) Wm. Faber and Chas. Rodenberg.
Clerks (2) Mary E. Archer and Mrs. L. Smith.

Precinct No. 2.

Election precinct No. 2 shall consist of all that portion of the City of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of the Mission Road, also known as the main County Road, intersects the northern boundary line of San Mateo County; thence southwesterly along said center line of said Mission Road to the center line of Green street; thence southeasterly along said center line of Green street to the southerly boundary line of the Crocker Tract Sub-division; thence in a general northwesterly direction along said southerly and southwesterly boundary lines of said Crocker Tract Sub-division to the aforesaid Mission Road; thence due north to the center line of San Jose avenue; thence northeasterly along said center line of said San Jose avenue to the north boundary line of San Mateo County; thence due east along said County boundary line to the point of beginning.

The polling place for said election precinct No. 2 shall be 112 Crocker Boulevard.

The officers to conduct said election in said "Election Precinct No. 2" have been appointed and designated as follows:

Inspectors (2) Mary White and Mrs. Jacques.
Judges (2) Barney Hilton and John H. Remis.
Clerks (2) Irene Biebel and Sarah Moller.

Precinct No. 3.

Election precinct No. 3 shall consist of all that portion of the City of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of San Jose avenue intersects the northern boundary line of San Mateo County; thence southwesterly along said center line of San Jose avenue to the center line of Mission Road; thence southwesterly along said center line of said Mission Road; to the center line of Los Angeles avenue; thence westerly along the center line of said Los Angeles avenue and the extension thereof westerly to the westerly limits of Daly City; thence northerly along said limits to the County line; thence east along said County line to the point of beginning.

The polling place for said election precinct No. 3 shall be 131 Hillcrest Drive.

The officers to conduct said election in said "Election Precinct No. 3" have been appointed and designated as follows:

Inspectors (2) Fred Hauptli and Ernest Linwood Lang.
Judges (2) Geo. Lively and Peter Klement.
Clerks (2) Mrs. Campbell and J. Carlier.

Precinct No. 4.

Election precinct No. 4. shall consist of all that portion of the City of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of Los Angeles avenue intersects the center line of Mission Road; thence westerly along said center line of Los Angeles avenue and the extension thereof to the westerly limits of Daly City; thence southerly along said limits to a point where said limits would be intersected by the westerly extension of the center line of Vista avenue; thence easterly along said extension of said center line of Vista avenue and along said center line of said Vista avenue to the center line of Mission Road, also known as the main County Road; thence northerly along said center line of said Mission Road to the point of beginning.

The polling place for said election precinct No. 4 shall be 507 Myrtle street.

The officers to conduct said election in said "Election Precinct No. 4" have been appointed and designated as follows:

Inspectors (2) Mrs. Jessen and Mrs. Ballenger.
Judges (2) Jesse Redding and Jas. Poket.
Clerks (2) W. N. Golden and J. L. Brown.

Precinct No. 5.

Election precinct No. 5 shall consist of all that portion of the City of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at point where the center line of Vista avenue intersects the center line of the main County Road, also known as Mission Road; thence westerly along said center line of Vista avenue and the westerly extension thereof to the westerly limits of Daly City; thence southerly, easterly, southerly and easterly along said westerly and southerly limits of Daly City to a point on the easterly boundary line of the Abbey Homestead Tract; thence due north to the southerly line of the Crocker Tract Sub-division: thence along said southerly line of Crocker Tract Sub-division in a general northwesterly direction to the center line of the main County Road; thence southwesterly on and along said center line of said main County Road to point of beginning.

The polling place for said election precinct No. 5 shall be 721 Mission Road.

The officers to conduct said election in said "Election Precinct No. 5" have been appointed and designated as follows:

Inspectors (2) Mrs. Elmers and Mrs. C. R. Nott.
Judges (2) Otto Severing and Mrs. Addie Flood.
Clerks (2) Mrs. Al. Green and Eugene Squiers.

The polls shall be opened at said polling places at six o'clock, on the morning of said day of said election and shall be kept open until the hour of seven o'clock in the evening of said day.

GEO. N. SMITH,
City Clerk.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record, March 27, and continued three times.

ANGELO SELMI
THE LEADING
GROCER
Fruit & Vegetable Dealer
Goods Delivered Everywhere and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the estate of Mary Crocker, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Mary Crocker, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at his office in South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, California, the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of San Mateo, State of California.

H. G. PLYMIRE,
Administrator of the estate of Mary Crocker, deceased.

Dated, Dedwood City, Cal., Feb. 18, 1914.

Edw. F. Fitzpatrick, Attorney for said estate.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record Feb. 20, 1914 and published 5 times.

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN
COAL
AND
FEED
253 Sickles Ave., Phone Mission 8100
Ocean View, S. F.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.
PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Patrick Oakes, sometimes known as, and called Patrick Oaks, deceased. No. 1738.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Julia Oakes, administratrix of the estate of said Patrick Oakes, sometimes known as and called Patrick Oaks, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said Patrick Oakes, deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made February 20th. 1914) to the administratrix of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California: the same being the place hereby designated by said administratrix for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Patrick Oakes, sometimes known as and called Patrick Oaks, deceased.

Dated, February 20th. 1914.

JULIA OAKES,
Administratrix of the Estate of Patrick Oakes, sometimes known as an called Patrick Oaks, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administratrix, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record February 20, 1914.

Colma Pioneer Merchandise Store
M. & S. BELLI & CO.
Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Clothing
Boots, Shoes and Hats
Wines and Liquors Hay, Grain, Feed, General Merchandise
Importers of Pure Italian Olive Oil. R R Branch at Hillcrest. Public Tel. Station. Colma

NEW
PENINSULA THEATRE
DALY CITY'S
SPLENDID
Vaudeville and Movies
Cor. Mission a Templeton
This Play House is equal in its productions of Fine Pictures and Vaudeville Sketches to any place in San Francisco and the crowds each evening are idicative of the appreciative shown by the people.
JUST GO ONE EVENING AND BE CONVINCED

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE

BIBLE STUDY ON

WHAT DOTH JEHOVAH REQUIRE?

Matthew 7:24-29—March 29.

"What doth Jehovah require of thee, but to do justly and to love kindness, and to walk humbly with thy God?"—Micah 6:8.

JESUS sought to impress upon His hearers that it was not sufficient to hear that a Kingdom of God was coming to bring blessings to the world, and that a Kingdom class was being called to be Messiah's joint-heirs in that Kingdom. Action would be necessary on their part if they would attain this high privilege which God had granted them.

Jesus gave an illustration, saying that those who heard His Message and obeyed it would be like a wise man who built upon the rock, where rains would not wash away the foundation. The storms of life and the great crisis, death, are sure to come. Amidst these trials there will be calmness, security and confidence for such as have accepted the Lord's arrangement and have walked to the best of their ability in Jesus' footsteps.

"The Rock of Christ Jesus."

"Other Foundation Can No Man Lay."

On the other hand, Jesus intimated that many who heard His words and expressed great appreciation of them, would fail to take the proper steps to attain the glorious Kingdom privileges which He presented. They would allow custom, habit, love of pleasure, love of ease, the spirit of the world to hinder them, from making full devotion of themselves to God. Such did not build their faith upon the proper foundation.

Perhaps some built upon the Law, and thought to commend themselves to God by their own endeavors, without the imputation of Christ's merit. Such would be greatly mistaken. Other foundation can no man lay than that which God has laid—Jesus Christ. His death is our redemption-price; and His appearance in glory as our Advocate is to make good our unintentional shortcomings.

With all such, the day of trial will surely come; and their faith structure, being without proper foundation, will give way. They will suffer loss of all their hopes. This, however, does not signify, as many once supposed, that they will go to eternal torment. Evidently nearly all Christians, misled by the creeds of the Dark Ages, have read into God's Word things which it does not contain.

Compare St. Paul's Parable.

The Apostle Paul used a similar illustration. Those building upon that foundation with the gold, silver and precious stones of Divine Truth—developing faith and character in harmony with the Divine requirements—will suffer no loss in the great trial day at the end of this Age. But others who build with the wood, hay and stubble of human tradition and self complacency, will have their entire faith structure consumed.—1 Corinthians 3:10-15.)

Nevertheless the Apostle tells us that even these, if they have built upon Christ, will themselves be saved, yet so as by fire. They will be what is termed a tribulation class, described in Revelation 7:14-17. The class building with gold, silver and precious stones, will be a Little Flock, a Royal Priesthood. But the class building upon the Rock without proper materials will be the Great company, the antitype of the Levites. They will serve God through the priestly class.

"The People Were Astonished."

No wonder the people were astonished at such doctrines as Jesus set forth! His teachings had a positiveness quite different from the speculations and wonderings of the scribes and Pharisees. So it is always with the Truth. Wherever there is confusion and mystery, we may be sure that there is error and ignorance. Hence the necessity that all who preach Christ should have the anointing, or ordination to preach, which God alone gives through the begetting of the Holy Spirit.

Our Golden Text.

The Prophet Micah addressed our Golden Text to the people of Israel, and therefore his message was given from the standpoint of the Law. Nevertheless no Jew ever fulfilled the Law except Jesus, because all except Him were fallen and imperfect. He alone was "holy harmless, undefiled and separate from sinners."

"Saved So as by Fire."

During Messiah's Millennial Kingdom, this same Law given to Israel through Moses will be given to the whole world of mankind through Messiah. The requirements will be to do justly, to love kindness, to walk humbly with God. The reason why Messiah's ministration of this Law will be a success, while Moses' ministration was a failure so far as bringing any one to perfection was concerned, is that Messiah's Kingdom will be fully prepared and authorized to forgive sinners and to help them back to the image and likeness of God, originally represented in Father Adam. The right to thus forgive sin and lift the sinner out of degradation, belongs to Messiah, by virtue of His sacrifice.

The BUSINESS OF POETRY

It is the business of poetry to bring good cheer. The poet knows the joy of living and imparts this joy to others. "Knowing poetry is to have refuge from trivial thoughts, a stimulus to our fancy, a guide to the world of truth, a protection from our lesser and baser selves. So we grow into new appreciation of men and God." Poetry records the greatest that has been thought, and the best that has been felt. It charms our ear with its melody and images: it gives us thoughts touched with emotion, and the whole suffused in beauty. "It gives definite utterance and memorable form to our universal aspirations and reflections." If poetry had no other quality than this, it were worth many hours' time to come upon such uplifting, cheering verse as one easily finds.

So nigh is grandeur to our dust,
So near is God to man;
When Duty whispers low "Thou must,"
The youth replies, "I can."

—Emerson.

Let me go where'er I will,
I hear a sky-born music still.
It is not only in the rose,
It is not only in a bird,
Not only where the rainbow glows,
Nor in the song of woman heard;
But in the darkest, meanest things,—
There always, always, something sings.

—Emerson.

Death stands above me, whispering low
I know not what into my ear;
Of this strange language all I know
Is, there is not a word of fear.

Walter Savage Landor.

The year's at the Spring,
And day's at the morn;
The hill-side's dew-pearled;
The larks' on the wing;
The snail's on the thorn;
God's in His Heaven—
All's right with the world.

—Browning.

Under the wide and starry sky,
Dig the grave and let me lie,
Glad did I live and gladly die,
And I laid me down with a will.
This be the verse that you grave for me;
Here he lies where he longed to be;
Home is the sailor, home from the sea,
And the hunter home from the hill.

—Robert Louis Stevenson.

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENT COMMISSION ISSUES RULE ON RUPTURE.

The demand for a statement of the attitude of the Industrial Accident Commission concerning the subject of hernia has been especially insistent, one Insurance Company alone having referred three different cases of rupture to the Commission during the last two weeks. The members of the Industrial Accident Commission have had considerable experience with the subject of hernia under the Roseberry Act, and, as a result of that experience, taken together with a very serious study of the questions involved, and after seeking expert medical advice, they have come to the conclusion that hernia, commonly known as rupture, is rarely caused by external violence or accident. The Commission has expressed itself as viewing all cases of hernia with suspicion. It will require that the injured employee prove beyond the shadow of a doubt that his injury was received while working for the employer from whom he is claiming compensation. After the Commission has been assured that the hernia did arise in connection with the workman's employment, it will then require that a diagnosis be made by medical referees. If, in the judgment of those referees, the case is one in which an operation could be satisfactorily performed, an operation will be recommended, and compensation will be limited to the expense of the operation with payment for temporary disability caused by such operation.

The Commission, a few weeks ago in deciding the case of Clary vs. the Standard Oil Company, took a decided stand in connection with this matter by holding that: "Sound public policy assuredly will not justify the capitalization of such injury (hernia) for the drawing of a long continued disability compensation when by a relatively simple operation, in ninety cases out of the hundred, the injured person can be made perfectly sound for the rest of his natural life, and no harm follow failure in the other ten cases."

BOTH ALIKE

"All sorts and conditions of men have excellent explanations for their position in life," said the Senator. "A tramp, however, came under my observation who had no illusions about the cause of his own condition.

"A fine-looking and fashionably dressed woman had just alighted from her limousine at the hotel entrance, and was suddenly approached by this shabbily dressed man who requested a dime.

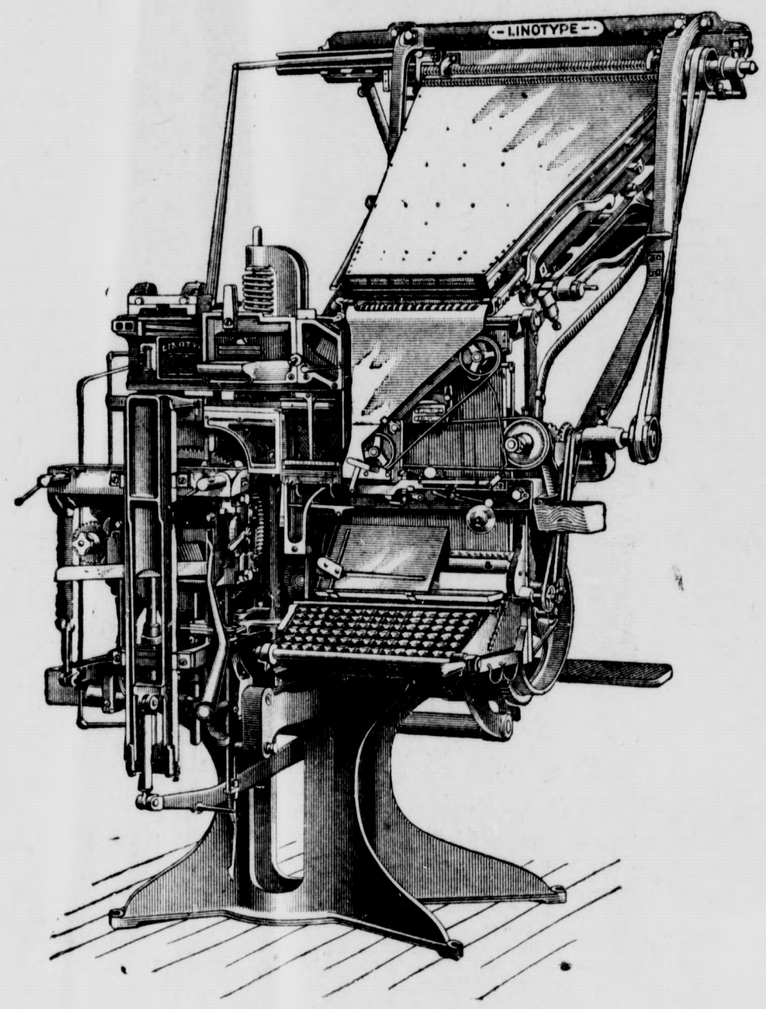
"'No, I have no money to spare for you. I do not see why an able-bodied man like you should go about begging.'

"'I s'pose, ma'am,' replied the lazy tramp, 'it's fer about the same reason that a wealthy woman like you boards at a hotel instead of keepin' house.'"—"Harper's Magazine."

PATRONIZE THE HOME

LINOTYPE

WORK



BRIEFS, TRANSCRIPTS, BOOK WORK

AT

CITY PRICES

San Mateo Index

and

Daly City Record

A Stroke Of Genius

It Was Made by a Seventeen-Year-Old Miss

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

Ethel," said Mrs. Spencer to her ece, "I have something of impor- nce to say to you. Sit down and ve me your attention."

Ethel Digby, a demure little miss of venteen, seated herself gingerly, as ough she feared she might injure the air with the hundred pounds she iced on it, and cast her eyes on the or.

It isn't necessary," continued her nt, "for me to go over the circum- nces of your being here. The pow- of wealth and the difference be- een it and poverty are growing eater every day. There is much that can do for you with my wealth and great deal that I cannot do. I can t you forward for a limited time and able you to mingle with those with om we associate, thus giving you opportunity to make an advan- geous marriage. But you must re- ember that it will not do me any

AM EVER SO HAPPY THAT I WAS RIGHT."

od to get the name of pushing a girl ho hasn't a cent in the world, even she is my own niece."

"Yes, Aunt Margaret," was the de ure reply.

This homily was delivered toward e close of the summer season. But ere was still from one to two months' chting in store for those who were abled to enjoy this most expensive of xuries. Mrs. Spencer, who proposed do everything in her power to en- le her niece to make a match during e limited time that had been set art for the purpose, organized a ise in her yacht, the Alpha, invit- the bomeliest girls of her ac- intance and the most eligible young n.

he party set sail late in Septem- —after the equinoctial gales had sed—for the waters of the south. ough the cruise was extended over e six weeks, it was a failure so as its main object was concerned. hel Digby did not make a match. deed, she did not appear to try to ke a match. True, there were no ossal fortunes among the bachelors the party, but Mrs. Spencer did not m for millions for her niece. She uld be contented with a beggarly 00,000 or $600,000.

Reaching the gulf of Mexico, the par- disbanded, some going to Florida, me northward, while the owner of e Alpha, with her husband and niece, ade a trip to the canal before re- rning to her home. At Colon they und many persons who had come to ew the great engineering work, a w of whom had come in their own chts. Among these was young rnsworth Elliot, who had recently me into a fortune of $2,000,000. He s well known to the Spencers, since ey all moved in the same multimil- naire class. He invited them to e on board his yacht, the Esper- ce, and they returned the civility by similar invitation.

Mrs. Spencer had given up trying to rry her niece in her own set and k no steps to in gle Mr. Elliot. owever, he showed a disposition to over the route of the canal in their mpany, and they went together. hen they returned to Colon they ayed, as before, on their respective chts until ready to make sail north- ard.

One evening Mr. Elliot was dining th e Spencers on their yacht when e conversation turned to marine sig- Spencer, though a yachtsman, all sailing matters to his captain, knew nothing about them. But liot was from choice his own sail- master, leaving navigation to his ptain only when he happened to like doing so. The ladies showing interest in the signal code, Mr. El- gave them a lecture on the in- rnational system. Mrs. Spencer pre- ded to understand what he was aying, while Miss Digby listened with- t saying anything. After making demonstration Mr. Elliot asked the her some questions about the code ich showed her ignorance of it. He was proceeding to examine Ethel when she interrupted him.

"Send me a message by signal when you return to your yacht," she said, "and I will return you an answer that will show you that I have understood it."

"A good idea!" exclaimed the young man. "Will you send your reply by signal?"

"That will depend on the nature of your message."

When the yachtsman had been pulled away in his dinghey Mrs. Spencer said to her niece:

"What did you mean, Ethel, by pretending to understand what Mr. Elliot said about the marine signal code? You didn't, did you?"

"Not a word of it."

"Will you get the captain to interpret the message for you when it comes?"

"No."

"Then how will you reply?"

"My reply is already decided on."

Mrs Spencer looked at her niece surprised, and asked what the reply was. To her astonishment, Ethel declined to answer her question.

"What's the matter with the child?" remarked Mrs. Spencer to herself as she turned away.

The message was to be sent the next morning, since the lecture had not included night signals. Shortly after the Spencers had breakfasted word was sent to Ethel that she had been called by signal from the Esperance. She went on deck, and the Esperance was informed that she was ready to receive what was to be said to her. The message was then sent, and Miss Digby instead of making a reply by the code went to her cabin and wrote one on a dainty bit of note paper.

Mr. Elliot did not look for a reply at once. He waited for it patiently. Presently he saw a boat approaching from the Alpha, and when it reached him he was handed Miss Digby's note. He opened and read it with an expression of astonishment.

All love stories must necessarily be imperfect. The old fashioned tale of love purported to be a photograph of the feelings of the respective lovers. This was and is impossible. Whether or no there was any covert lovemaking between Farnsworth Elliot and Ethel Digby too subtle to be perceived by others or perhaps to be a matter of consciousness by either one or both of the parties concerned is an open question. Elliot's message indicates that he at least was gallant. It read:

I sail tomorrow. Kindly inform me of your address when you reach home.

There was certainly no lovemaking on the face of this message, and it meant nothing to Ethel, for she understood not a word of it.

Elliot took the reply to his message to his cabin and locked himself in. After an hour's meditation he ordered his gig to be manned at 4 o'clock. At the appointed hour he was pulled to the Alpha and asked for Mr. Spencer. That gentleman invited him to a seat under the awning on the afterdeck and when the two were seated Elliot informed his host that he had come to ask for the hand of his niece.

Smothering his surprise, Mr. Spencer reminded the applicant that Ethel was his wife's niece and referred him to her. The lady was called, and, her husband having given place to her, Elliot repeated his request. The lady, also mastering her astonishment, said to Mr. Elliot that if her niece was pleased to accept him she had no objections. Then the suitor drew from his pocket Miss Digby's reply to his message and handed it to Mrs. Spencer. It read:

I am highly honored by your proposal. Following the dictates of my heart, my reply is "Yes."

Mrs. Spencer was not the woman to stand in the way of a consummation so devoutly to be wished. That her niece had achieved a coup d'etat was evident to her, and, being a woman of quick perception, at least a glimmering of how this golden fish had been landed broke in upon her brain.

"I assure you, Mr. Elliot," she said extending her hand, "you will be cordially welcomed into our family. And now if you will go to the cabin I will go to my niece and send her to you."

"Ethel," she said, embracing her niece, "you demure little thing, how did you ever dare do it?"

"I don't know," was the only reply, and it is quite probable that it was a true one.

There was no diminution of Miss Digby's demureness as she joined her suitor. She approached him with downcast eyes.

"I am pleased," he said gallantly, "that you interpreted my message correctly. I feared you would not."

"I think its meaning came to me through the heart," she said, with her eyes still on the floor. "I am ever so happy that I was right. Had I been wrong I would never have been able to look you in the face again."

"Such a reply could not possibly be wrong. You have made me the happiest of men."

The Spencers and Miss Digby were taken on board the Esperance and the Alpha sent north under command of her captain.

"Your courtship," said Mrs. Spencer to her niece, "begins after the engagement. You have got the cart before the horse."

"How do you know, my dear aunt, when it began?"

"I don't."

Mrs. Elliot is now one of the leaders of fashion in New York and Newport. She is still very young, but it is admitted that she has an old head on her shoulders. Her aunt, whom she has surpassed in social leadership, looks upon her as a wonder.

"What is not to be expected," says Mrs. Spencer, "from a girl who at seventeen could land a couple of million by purposely misunderstanding a message?"

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW FOR WOMEN.

When President Wilson affixed his signature to a certain important law the other day it marked the first occasion that the eight-hour day for women has been brought into the conservative East. he States of aWhsington and California adopted the eight-hour day and six-day week for women three years ago, and these laws were followed by similar action in Colorado, Utah and Arizona. But in the East, which is conservative, and which turns only reluctantly to remedial legislation for labor, most States are having hard enough time cutting the hours of women's labor to ten hours a day.

The La Follette law, which the President has just signed, forbids the employment in the District of Columbia of women for longer that eight hours in any one day. It is a measure which is calculated to jar the conservation of the East, and which, its backers hope, will stimulate similar legislation in all of the Eastern States.

No sooner had the law been signed than certain employers who had fought the legislation began to discharge women in their employ. They did this to make good their predictions that the law would have just that effect. The Consumers' League, which had advoacted the La Follette bill, however, had anticipated this move and had notified women employees in certain establishments that they might expect this action. They assured the working women that this state of mind on the part of their employers would be only temporary. From past experience in California and Washington, it was realized that the women discharged would be soon hired again. And as this is being written that very thing is happening. The few women who lost their jobs are getting them back again.

As a matter of fact, the short working day means more employment for women instead of less. Employers now divide their working forces into two shifts—one to begin earlier in the morning and to quit earlier at night, and the other to begin and quit later. It takes more employees to work into the two-shift plan, but the employer finds out that each employee is more efficient than formerly, due to the shorter working hours, so that his establishment turns out more work per employee hired than under the old plan.

The city of Washington surely needed this law. An investigation made before the adoption of the bill showed women working in steam laundries in the hot weather on an average of twelve and thirteen hours a day for periods of two and three months. The new law applies to practically all women industrially employed, except those in private offices and domestic servants in private homes. Hotel servants are included in the provision of the act, and also that other class of women employees so frequently exempted in States' laws, department store clerks. The law prescribes a six-day week for women, and prohibits night work for minors. The best employers of Washington did not oppose the legislation.

Hearst says Representative Underwood is the "true leader of the Democratic party," because Underwood opposes the President's desire to repeal the Canal tolls provision. Mr. Underwood is in danger. Hearst killed Champ Clark by supporting him.

For a year the jingoes have been demanding that President Wilson "end the war in Mexico" by armed intervention, but not one of the jingoes has offered to enlist. Even the brave Rowell would rather join the Senate than the Army.

Yes; Hearst is making a lot of noise about Mexico. All of his lilion savings are "invested" in a Mexican "concession" of a milion acres of land. He wants other Americans to go down there and save his land.

The value of traditions depends upon whether or not they were founded on solid bottom or just stuck in the mud.

Work is not man's punishment. It is his reward and his strength, his glory and his pleasure.—George Sand.

Good salesmanship is selling goods that won't come back to customers that will.

Don't underrate your predecessor nor forget that you may in time become one.

Having dallied with experience, it isn't every man who can take the middlle ground between the cynic and the fool.

The kind of men who haven't had a bath since they went swimming last July can act just as fresh as any one else.

There are too many men who, when they pray, say: "Forgive us our debts as we forgive our creditors."

Any man would rather kiss his neighbor's wife once in a while than kiss his own wife every day.

It is hard to pass a counterfeit dime on a woman. But she will always fall for a counterfeit man.

Because a man hates to pay life insurance, it is no sign that he is anxious to die.

Because some men are not so foolish as others, they get the reputation of being wise.

Probably no man is ever wholly just who does not try to be a little more than just.

QUEER FASHIONS.

The New Thick Neck Is the Latest.

HANDSOME TAILORED SUIT.

The new styles this season are truly fearfully and wonderfully made. At least, some of them are—the lamp shade skirt, dyed furs, landscape veils and the like. To these eccentricities has been added the collar that doesn't fit. With no pretense to fit, this neck arrangement is one of the ugliest of the freak fashions.

Aside from the thick wired collar, the costume pictured is one of the best looking tailleurs of the season. It is made of brocaded mohair in a charming shade of plum and is trimmed with a girdle of American Beauty satin. The little bolero coat reveals the girdle, and the sash ends fall gracefully from under a gathered peplum.

Tribute to Women.

In the Woman's Home Companion Ignace Paderewski, the celebrated pianist, is interviewed on the subject "What a Little Knowledge of Music Means." In the course of the interview Paderewski is quoted as saying:

"But for women there would today be no art in the world, not alone in America, but anywhere. The assertion may seem a sweeping one, but I thoroughly believe it to be true. The women it is who, through inborn love of music and responsive, deeply refined feeling, encourage it in brave, practical, energetic ways. The women it is, too, who lead in the cause of its fostering and influence by their supreme enthusiasm the men to follow."

Pulchritude and Pedagogy.

Dr. Williams, superintendent of schools at Richmond, Va., advises the school board not to employ women teachers who were either startlingly beautiful or equally homely. The objection, he said, was that a teacher whose personal looks were unusual would attract more attention to herself than to her teaching. He believes that teachers ought not to attract attention to themselves in any way.

KITCHEN KINKS.

Nuts when bought ready shelled should be scalded, dried in the oven and put away in glass jars.

Ordinary lemonade will make a delicious, refreshing drink when sweetened with maple sirup instead of sugar.

Test potatoes by cutting in two and rubbing the cut surfaces together; then press the two parts together. If they stick the potatoes are good.

The addition of a little soda mixed with a teaspoonful of cornstarch to the cream before pouring it into the tomato mixture will prevent curdling in the making of creamed tomato soup.

The secret of flaky pie crust is the use of hot water (not boiling) rather than cold in mixing the dough. If this suggestion is followed the crust will always be flaky, tender and crisp.

No matter how much dripping is used fish when being fried is apt to stick to the pan's bottom. If a tablespoonful of dry salt is put into the pan and rubbed over it it will be found satisfactory.

Often when boiling eggs the white comes through the shell and spoils the taste of the egg through its appearance. This may be prevented if a teaspoonful of salt is put into the water before boiling.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Mirror Drawing.

Do you think you know how to draw? Before you decide please make this test. You will need a sheet of paper, a mirror about the width of the paper, a pencil and another sheet of paper or a large card or book.

Lay the paper flat on the table. Then prop up the mirror at one side of the paper so that it is at right angles with the paper and reflects it. Now take the extra sheet of paper in your left hand and hold it so that it is between your eyes and the piece of paper which is lying on the table. You must hold the piece of paper in your left hand so that you cannot see the paper that is lying on the table except in the mirror.

You are now ready to begin drawing. It should be some simple object which can be shown by a few straight lines, such as a kite, an envelope, an open book, a box, etc. You draw with your right hand, holding the paper in your left, so that you cannot see what you are making except in the mirror. Watch the mirror all the time until the drawing is done. You will be surprised at the result.

Warning.

This is an outdoor game for boys. One boy, called the "cock," draws a line on the ground at one end of the field or playground. This line is his boundary, and while he is there no one can meddle with him. He clasps his hands before him, calls out "Warning!" or "Warning once, warning twice; a bushel of wheat and a bushel of rice; when the cock crows, out jump I." Then with his hands clasped he jumps out and runs after the others, trying to touch one.

If he unclasps his hands, or if they are pulled apart he must run into bounds as fast as possible, as any one who catches him must be carried pickaback by him into bounds, and both then sally out, clasping hands, and try to catch a third in the same way.

Each time one, called a "chick," is caught he, as well as those who started from bounds, may be ridden "home," and if the cock and chicks loose hands they also may be ridden home if caught.

Ship Alphabet.

The players sit in a long row as if in class at school. The one who acts as schoolmaster asks sharply, beginning at one end, "The name of the letter?" "A," says the first player. The schoolmaster turns to the next player, "The name of the ship?" and begins to count ten, very quickly and sternly. "Andromeda" is perhaps called out before he reaches that number. "The name of the captain?" "Allan." "What is the cargo?" "Apples." "The port she comes from?" "Amsterdam." "The port she is bound for." "Amboy." "The next letter?" "B," and so on. If the schoolmaster is very strict and abrupt with his questions and counting he can drive every idea from the mind of the person he points at. If he counts ten before an answer comes he passes on to the next and the next until the answer is given. The one who gives it moves up above those who fail. The game should be played very rapidly.

Pigments For Paints.

Mummies are usually preserved in the finest bitumen, and this ancient bitumen has in the course of centuries turned the mummies a leathery brown tint. It has been found that when the bitumen and the shreds of mummy are ground down by machinery a beautiful brown pigment is the result, exactly the tint required for painting certain shades of brown hair.

Sepia is one of the commonest of artists' paints. It is a deep brown in color and comes from a source equally strange. It is prepared from the black, inky fluid discharged by the cuttlefish to blind and baffle its enemies.

Prussian blue is prepared from horses' hoofs and is made by fusing the hoofs with potassium carbonate.

Raw sienna is soil from near Siena, in Italy. Burnt sienna, another common tint, is simply the same earth burnt.

Why He Yawned.

Little John, aged three and one-half, was anxious to sit up one evening and talk with the company, but when 8:30 came mamma said, "Come, John, it is time little men were abed; you have been yawning since 7 o'clock." Indignantly the little fellow replied, "Oh, mamma, didn't you know I was only letting in fresh air?"

A Weak Engine.

The train, a local passenger, was stopping frequently. Finally, at a railroad crossing where it stopped to whistle, a little boy about five years old remarked, "Gee, it has to stop to whistle!"

The Sandman's Garden.

Dear little old sandman
In soft grayish tweeds,
Out in your garden
Pulling the weeds,

We know who you are—
The sandman, we know,
And what kind of flowers
In your garden grow.

Poppies of scarlet
And purple and gold,
Each with a dream
In its petals to hold.

After the twilight
When we're tired of our play
We just love to slip
To your garden away.

So, little old man,
When you see the first star
Please leave the gate
Of your garden ajar.

—Philadelphia Record.

BELL DEFENDS THE IROQUOIS CLUBS.

Opposes State-Wide Prohibition to Protect Great Vineyard Industry of California.

To the Editor:

There has been some criticism of the action of the State League of Iroquois Clubs in opposing State-wide prohibition, and in some quarters this criticism has taken the form of accusing the undersigned of attempting to commit the Democrat party to the liquor interests.

The writer has made it an almost invariable rule not to reply to slanderous charges, believing that falsehood always carries the seed of its own destruction, but this matter affects several hundred thousand people of California, I deem it but just to all concerned to state a few plain facts and principles that should be constantly kept in mind.

The Iroquois Clubs denounced State-wide prohibition as destructive of the vineyard interests of California. Nobody that is in favor of a square deal can challenge their right to rally to the support of our foremost soil industry. Had it been necessary the Iroquois Clubs, following the precedent of the Democratic State Convention of 1882, when Stoneman was nominated and elected governor of California, might have very consistently gone much further and condemned all attempts to impose sumptuary laws of any kind or character. The first campaign that the Iroquois Clubs fought in California, that of 1882, was fought upon the issue of personal liberty versus sumptuary and religious legislation. The Democratic party fought upon sound ground in 1882, and it cannot afford to abandon this ground in the face of the present attempt to foist State-wide prohibition upon California; and furthermore, if any attempt were now being made, or were hereafter made, to restrict the sacred right of the individual in matters of religious worship, it would be the duty of the Democratic party to adhere unswervingly to the principles declared in 1882. The doctrine announced in 1882 was only in keeping with the traditional stand of the Democratic party upon such questions. The bigot may howl, and the timid may skulk, but a courageous and manly Democracy will continue, as it has in the past, to battle for free thought, free speech, and a free press, so long as the exercise of such freedom does not interfere with the enjoyment of similar rights by others.

In standing for the broadest kind of individual freedom, the Democratic party never has countenanced intemperance or indecency under the cloak of personal liberty. The drink is only one of several vital social questions that are pressing for rational solution. Some people labor under the delusion that to eradicate a vice, you need only pass a law against it, when you might just as well expect to destroy disease by putting it under a legislative ban. It is a moral certainty that all our reforms must start with the child. Vocational training is second only to proper home influences in the training of our youth to honorable and self-respelting careers. Right training and education is not only a safeguard against intemperance, but as well against all other evil habits.

To prohibit the manufacture, sale, giving away or transportation of intoxicating liquors in California will not advance us a single step in the right direction, to say nothing of the tremendous injustice that will be done to those who are engaged in viticultural pursuits. The cause of genuine temperance is being immeasurably hurt by this drastic attempt to wipe out the vineyards of California without warning and without grace. For sixty years the State of California, without a dissenting voice or protest, has fostered the planting of the grape, and without criticism from any source it has established and maintained a department in the State University for the diffusion of scientific information concerning grape culture.

This state-wide prohibition movement is not of California origin. It was conceived and launced by ambitious outsiders who, failing elsewhere, have looked with covetous eyes upon California as a virgin field for prohibition exploitation and money gathering. In asserting that the Democratic party of California should promptly, squarely and openly oppose state-wide prohibition, I do not mean to say that the Republican and the Progressive parties are not expected to do likewise. They have patted the vineyardist on the back in the past, when his interests were not particularly in jeopardy, and now that his very existence is at stake, they should join with the Democratic party in his defense.

No political party or public man can escape the issue. Either it is right or it is wrong to destroy this industry, and the political organizations, their candidates and their spokesmen of necessity have to make and announce their decision upon a question that involves the interests of so many of our people.

These are some of the reasons why I am convinced that the Iroquois Clubs were right in denouncing state-wide prohibition, and why I believe that the Democratic party should avail itself of every opportunity to go on record against such a high-handed and confiscatory attempt to render worthless over one hundred and fifty million dollars of property, thereby destroying the homes and the livelihood of the many thousands who have been invited to plant the vineyards of this State.

Yours very truly,
THEODORE A. BELL.

The High Cost of Living

A countryman living just outside of London drove in one day to buy provisions and other necessaries. He went first to a cobbler and purchased a pair of boots. Not shoddy footwear, carelessly made, or even machine made, but hand sewed and of strong leather. For this pair of boots he paid just seven cents.

He next went to a butcher and bought a sheep, for which he paid 10 cents, and a dozen chickens, for which he paid 18c or 1½c apiece. Ten pounds of beef cost him a total of 5 cents for the beef was half a cent a pound. A visit to a grain merchant resulted in the purchase of a bushel of rye for 15 cents and at the fish market he bought twenty-five large fish for 10 cents. At the draper's he purchased a suit of clothes for 40 cents, for stout homespun cloth was selling at 12cents an ell, or 9 3-5 cents a yard.

The countryman had no trouble in carrying his purchases home in his wagon. The wagon was large. He had driven to London with a load of firewood, and he had sold the wood for 12 cents, which was a good price for those days.

It was early in the sixteenth century—about 400 years ago.

Ride With Carriers.

Hereafter road commissioners will be accorded the privilege of riding with rural carriers for inspection of roads. The new rule was announced in the January supplement to the Postal Guide and is as follows:

"Postmasters at rural delivery offices are instructed to permit road supervisors or commissioners having direct charge of the highways over which rural delivery routes are in operation to ride over the routes with rural carriers when such road officials are actually engaged in the performance of their duties in connection with the inspection of the roads."

The new rule will be of great advantage especially to county superintendents of roads who will be enabled to inspect many miles of roads daily without going to the expense of horse or auto hire.

New Building Contracts

James E. Britt and Patrick Troy executors of the estate of the late Nellie A. Sullivan, deceased, have awarded a contract to E. A. Weisenburger of San Francisco to erect in 120 days a burial vault in Holy Cross Cemetery, Colma for $4600.

REALTY TRANSFERS

Ocean Shore Dev. Co. to R. J. Ganow et al. Lot 4, blk. 16, Resub. Marine View Terrance.

Same to same. Lot 5, blk. 16, Resub. Marine View Terrace.

V W Hogan and husband to P R Dickie and wife, S 1-2 of lots 7, 8, blk. 13, Crocker Tract.

R. H. Smith to Eliza Hoffman. Lots 46, 47, blk. 3, Huntington Park.

Farallon Home Realty Co. to Olive G. Shirk. Lot 20, blk. 31, Resub. Farallone City.

W. E. Schwarz to N K Haliatsoa. Lot 15, blk. 3, Tobin Park.

F I Devlin and wife to Henry Toft. Lot 20, blk. 8, Hillcrest.

Guadaloupe Dev. Co. to J. Hannon Lot 24, blk. 32, City Visitacion.

W E Schwarz to J B Fayont. Lot 13, blk. 19, Tobin Park.

W C. Brown and wife to J J Beerli. Lot 11, blk. 41, Lyon & Hoag Sub., Burlingame.

J J Dawidschik to E N Mrozinski. Lots 13, 14, blk, 2, W W & M. Sub.

W E Schwarz to A G Rizavas. Lot 43, blk. 9, Tobin Park.

Same to G E Zeoyas. Lot 24, blk. 2, Tobin Park.

Same to T P Panagis. Lots 22, 23, blk. 2, Tobin Park.

Same to G A Buches,. Lot 32, blk. 9, Tobin Park.

Geo. C. Ross and wife to L Pescaro and wife. Lot 9, blk. 13. Redwood Range B.

W L De Wolfe to W B Partman. Lots 14, 15, blk. 26, Easton Addition. to Burlingame.

E S Ogden to Harry C Warren. Lots 6, 7, blk. G, El Cerrito Park.

W. J. Martin and wife to W. R. Hough. Portion lots 25, 26, blk. 146, So. San Francisco.

P F Roberts and wife to R F Roberts. Lots 13, 14, Millbrae Villa Tract.

F & A Levy Co. to J Carigues. Lots 5, 19, blk. 2, Miramontes Tract.

J Beasette to F Pelissier and wife Lot 11, Wset End Homestead.

Pulgas Land Co. to U Gesko. Sy 1-2 lot 86, Gray Tract.

E W Magruder and wife to B M Weikai. Lot 9, W. W. & M. Sub.

M. Butterfield to E F Summerson. Lot 15, blk. 2, $75 Lot Homestead.

Hensley Realty Co. et al to C. C. Skov. Lot 74, blk. 2, San Bruno Park.

San Mateo Land Association to M. Maier andw ife Lot 8, blk. A, San Mateo Heights 2.

Ansel M. Easton and wife to D. McMahon. Lot 26, blk. 8, Easton Ad. to Burlingame.

Central Trust Co. of Cal to L. McGill. Lot 15, blk. 11, Am. Belle Air Park:.

W E Schwarz to E Oliver. Lot 26, blk. 16, Tobin Park.

Same to Bessie Oliver, Un. 1-2 lot 26, blk. 16, Tobin Park.

Anglo Cal. Trust Co. to J. Osian and wife. Lot 11, blk. 6, Hillcrest.

Owners Realty Co. to J L Henessey. Lots 33, 34, 35, blk. 3, Ocean Shore Tract.

Mildred M Davidson and husband to S M Haslett. Lots 7, 8, blk. 5, Bernardo Station Tract.

C M Johnson to Karl Bareis and wife. Lot 10, blk. 16, Resub Farallone City.

Elizabeth Beeson to W L Beeson. Lots 8, 9, 10, blk. 5. Hancocks Adn. Redwood.

Cutoff Land Co. to Frances D. McClellan. Lot 16, blk. 9, Dumbarton.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

R. M. O. Seffer, aged 31, Palo Alto and Florence Whitney, aged 31, San Mateo.

Edwin R. Anton, aged 23, and Florence D. Krug, aged 19, both of Burlingame.

Norman B. Bennett, aged 26 and Norma K. Bennett, aged 21, both of Oakland.

Harry Rookard, aged 26, San Francisco and Lily McGahn, aged 18, Palo Alto.

A. M. Street, Jr., aged 22, Vallejo, and Elsa A. Vanderhoff, aged 18, San Francisco.

Laurence P. Richardson, aged 29 and Lillyan Seth, aged 29, both of Oakland.

Arthur G. Ulrich, aged 21, and Lillian S. Hewitt, aged 19, both of San Jose.

Timothy Flynn, aged 40, and Julia Danecker, aged 31, both of San Francisco.

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John Vickerson. building contract-

Bradwick, contractor, Burlingame.

Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.

John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.

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S. P. TIME TABLE

IN EFFECT JANUARY 4, 1914

To San Francsco		Fr. San Francisco	
Leave San Mateo	Arrive S. F.	Leave S. F.	Arrive San Mateo
AM	AM	AM	AM
* 5 48	6 30	4 25	5 06
6 24		x 6 55	7 04
* 6 41	7 25	* 7 05	7 43
6 57	7 35	8 10	8 46
* 7 22	8 00	9 00	9 32
* 7 45	8 20	10 40	11 17
8 07	8 40	11 40	PM
* 8 25	9 00	PM	12 17
9 05	9 40	1 20	1 57
9 36	10 10	x 3 00	3 32
11 04	11 40	3 25	3 55
11 57	PM	4 20	4 54
PM	12 30	* 5 05	5 42
12 46	1 25	* 5 25	5 58
3 25	4 00	5 40	6 16
4 58	5 30	* 6 05	6 47
5 12	5 50	x 6 30	7 04
6 50	7 20	x 8 10	8 46
7 03	7 45	10 05	10 39
7 28	8 00	11 45	12 20
7 52	8 30		
8 32	9 05		
11 22	11 55		

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ASSESSOR'S INSTRUCTIONS

TO OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

The law requires each and every person who owns any class of property to annually, during the months of March, April or May, file a statement with the Assessor or his deputy in the county where his property is located. You should give a statement of all property owned by you on the first Monday in March at 12 o'clock m.

No change can be made by the Assessor after he turns over his books to the Board of Supervisors on the first Monday in July. The Board then sits as a Board of Equalization during the month of July.

Remember, if you fail to give your assessment you fail to comply with the law and may cause yourself the Assessor and Tax Collector much trouble, and very likely cause you self expense.

It is much more satisfactory to the Assessor, as well as to yourself, to have your assessment correct when you go to pay your taxes.

C. D. HAYWARD,
Assessor San Mateo County.

TAXES

1913-14

Office of County Tax Collector
San Mateo County
Redwood City, Cal., March 1st, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the

Second Installment

of Taxes for the year 1913-4 is now due and payable in my office at the County Court House at Redwood City, daily, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, up to and including **Monday, April 27th, 1914,** at 6 o'clock p. m., when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

Address all communications direct to County Tax Collector at Redwood City with reference to your County Taxes. U. S. postal money orders or checks on banks in the County of San Mateo will be accepted without exchange. Checks drawn on banks outside of San Mateo County must include exchange of ten cents on each one hundred dollars.

A. McSWEENEY,
County Tax Collector.